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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Lax-o-Lax
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Congress Charter Of Minorities Rights

Calcutta To Reiterate Karachi Guarantees

CALL TO PROVINCES TO COMBAT FEDERATION

But No Constitutional Crisis To Be Created?

CALCUTTA, October 27.

The Congress Working Committee adopted two resolutions at this afternoon sitting, one on the Federation and another on the minority rights, which will be discussed by the A.-I. C. C.

COMBAT FEDERATION

The resolution on Federation calls upon the Provincial and Local Congress Committees and the people generally, as well as the Provincial Governments and Ministers, to prevent the imposition of the Federation.

CHARTER FOR MINORITIES

The resolution on the minority rights reiterated the Congress policy of protecting the Fundamental Rights adopted at Karachi.

CONGRESS ASSURANCE

The resolution assured the minorities that the Congress wished to proceed with their co-operation and through their goodwill in the common undertaking and for the realisation of the common aim, which is freedom and betterment of all people of India.

MIDNAPORE BANS

The Committee adjourned at 8 p. m. after framing five more resolutions for the A.-I. C. C., deprecating the continuance of the ban on the Congress organizations in Midnapore,

sympathising with the Indians in Zanzibar,

ratifying the Working Committee's Wardha resolution permitting the acceptance of Ministry by Congressmen,

CANAL WATER TAX

sympathising with the struggle of the agricultural population of the Damodar Canal area of Burdwan District against the imposition of excessive tax on the Damodar canal water and

deciding that the Tilak Swaraj Fund Accounts should in future be styled as All-India Congress Committee Accounts.

The Committee will meet to-morrow at 8-30 in the morning.—United Press.

NO DEADLOCKS?

An Associated Press message says:—

It is understood that during the discussion on the Federation Committee's report, the consensus of opinion appeared to be that it would be wrong for Congress Ministries to resign. Mahatma Gandhi appeared to favour this view and accordingly the Sub-Committee has amended its report.

RIGHTS OF MINORITIES

Congress Policy Reiterated

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The following is the full text of the resolution on Minority rights issued by the Congress Working Committee:—

"The Congress has solemnly and repeatedly declared its policy in regard to the rights of the minorities in India, and has stated that it considers it its duty to protect these rights and ensure the widest possible scope for the development of these minorities and their participation in the political, economic and cultural life of the Nation.

CONGRESS OBJECTIVE

"The objective of the Congress is an independant and united India, where no class or group or majority or minority may exploit another to the advantage and where all elements in the Nation may co-operate together for the common good and advancement of the people of India. This objective of unity and mutual co-operation in a common freedom does not mean the suppression, in any way, of rich variety and cultural diversity of Indian life, which have to be preserved in order to give freedom and opportunity in individual as well as to each group to develop unhindered according to its capacity and inclination.

FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS

"In view, however, of the attempts having been made to misrepresent the Congress policy in this regard, the All-India Congress Committee desires to reiterate its policy."

The resolution embodies the Fundamental Rights and says: "These clauses of Fundamental Rights resolution make it clear that there should be no interference in matters of conscience, religion or culture, and a minority is entitled to keep its personal law without any change, in this respect, being imposed by a majority.

COMMUNAL AWARD

The resolution further reiterates the Congress characterisation of the Communal decision as "anti-national, anti-democratic and a barrier to Indian freedom and development of Indian unity. Nevertheless, the Congress has declared that a change in or the suppression of the communal decision should only be brought by mutual agreement of the parties concerned. The Congress always welcomed and is prepared to take advantage of any opportunity to bring about such a change by mutual agreement.

COMMON AIM

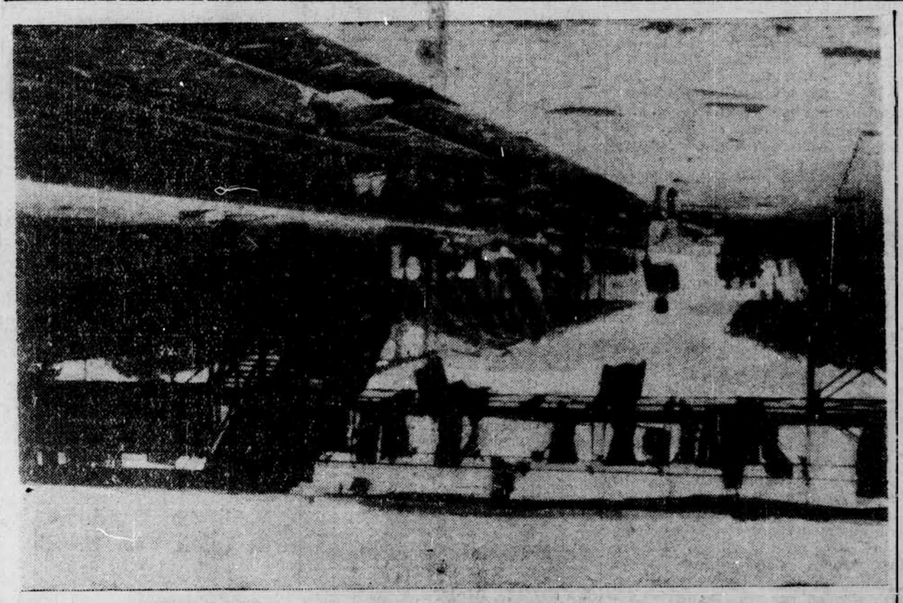
The resolution concludes: "In all matters affecting the minorities in India, the Congress wishes to proceed by their co-operation and through their goodwill in the common undertaking and for the realisation of the common aim, which is freedom and betterment of all people of India".—United Press.

Fundamental Rights Enumerated

The Congress has included in its resolution the following fundamental rights in the Karachi resolution:—

(1) Every citizen in India has a right to free expression of opinion, right of free association and combination and the right to assemble peacefully and without arms for any purpose not opposed to law or morality. (2) Every citizen shall enjoy freedom of conscience and the right to freely profess and practise his religion, subject to public order and morality. (3) The culture, language and script of the minorities and of

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 5)



Nantao, South Railway Station in Shanghai reduced to ruins owing to repeated air and artillery bombardment by the Japanese. The bridge across the railway track has been reduced to a mere skeleton while the shelters on the platform are just twisted metal.

League's Waterloo At Bijnor

Thumping Majority For Congress Candidate Assured

BIJNOR, Oct. 27.

Polling in connection with by-election from the Garhwal-Bijnor-Najibabad Rural Muslim constituency commenced to-day.

It is reported that Mr. Hafiz Ibrahim, Congress candidate, got over 90 per cent. of the votes in every polling station.

Workers from every part of the country were present to support the Congress candidate. Meerut District contributed the largest number of volunteers and about 20 lorries. Over 1,000 experienced and trained volunteers worked throughout the constituency.

From the morning all trains brought hundreds of enthusiastic spectators. The polling stations presented most lively scenes. Some sick and invalid voters came in "doolies".—United Press.

CONGRESS VICTORY ASSURED

BIJNOR, Oct. 27.

The polling to-day at Bijnor for the by-election in the Bijnor-Garhwal Constituency passed off peacefully, though there was a slight clash between two workers of the opposite camps at Najibabad.

The Congress camp is confident of the success of their nominee, the Hon. Mr. Hafiz Mahamad Ibrahim, by a big margin and they have sent a wire to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru at Calcutta to this effect.

Both sides are now concentrating their energies in sending workers to commence work at Moradabad. Maulana Shaukat Ali is leaving for that place to-morrow.

Polling was brisk before the interval, 60 per cent. having polled by then. On the whole 80 per cent. exercised their votes. Though on the whole women's voting was poor in Bijnor 50 per cent attended the polls due to the efforts of Begam Mohamad Ali. Even from isolated and distant villages voters poured in on foot, on horseback, in ekka or lorry.—A. P.

HUSBAND AND WIFE AT LOGGERHEADS

BIJNOR, Oct. 27.

An interesting story is received from Jhaloo where a quarrel arose at the polling booth between a husband and wife. The husband was a staunch supporter of the Muslim League and he advised his wife to vote for the League candidate. But the latter was an equally firm supporter of the Congress and would not listen to his advice. The quarrel is said to have taken a more serious turn when in despair the wife said that she would rather accept a divorce than vote against her conviction. Better senses, however, prevailed and both agreed to vote for the candidate of their choice and they left the booth as a happy couple.—A.P.

STRIKERS HOLD ON

Three Persons Arrested At Cawnpore For Breach Of Sec. 144

CAWNPORE, Oct. 27.

Several workmen were injured as a result of an encounter, in which brickbats were used, between strikers and loyal workers this morning near the Cawnpore cotton mills.

Despite the willingness of the management to keep the Mills open, the strikers refused to resume work unless their alleged grievances were redressed.

Three persons have been arrested for a breach of the order under Sec. 144.

The District authorities have the situation under control.—A.P.

MAHATMA TO MEET BENGAL GOVERNOR

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

Political circles here believe that in view of the expected return of the Governor of Bengal to Calcutta in the course of a few days, Mahatma Gandhi will stay on after the conclusion of the A.I.C.C. and have talks with His Excellency.—A. P.

Giri Unable To Go To Calcutta

MADRAS, Oct. 27.

Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C. has sent a telegram to the Hon. Mr. V. V. Giri, Minister for Labour and Industries, requesting him to be present in Calcutta on the 30th instant for a joint consultation with the Labour Ministers of Bombay and the United Provinces on subjects relating to labour.

The Hon Mr Giri, while expressing his inability to proceed to Calcutta owing to ill-health, has despatched to Mr Kripalani his detailed views on the problems connected with Labour for the consideration of the Working Committee.—United Press.

Sec. 144 In Bangalore

Ban On Weapons, Assembly Of More Than Four And Public Meetings

BANGALORE, Oct. 27.

The District Magistrate, Bangalore, has promulgated an order under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. prohibiting within the limits of Bangalore City the holding of public meetings and the making of speeches or any assembly of five or more persons in, or near a public place, or the carrying of sticks, lath's or any other weapons.

Any crowd that collects in contravention of this order will be deemed an unlawful assembly and is liable to be dispersed by force.

The order remains in force for a period of one week from to-day.—A. P.

SENAPATI BAPAT WARNED

"No More Intemporate Speeches, Please

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Oct. 27.

Senapati Bapat who was recently released by Bombay Government has been served with a notice by the Ahmednagar District Magistrate asking him not to make any intemporate speeches like the one he made at Bhingar on August 28.

He has been warned that if he continues to make such speeches he will be dealt with according to law. Mr. Bapat is reported to have replied that he did not want any indulgence to be shown to him and that he may be dealt with in accordance with law at any time.

ULEMA CONDEMN OUTRAGES

JERUSALEM, Oct 27.

Thirty Ulema (Moslem Clergy) of the Gaza District have issued a manifesto in the Arabic Press in connection with the imposition of collective fines and the arrests in their area. The manifesto condemns terrorist bombing and sabotage and declares that the Ulema have decided to conduct a propaganda campaign to end the outrages.—Reuter.

WORLD CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP

HAGUE, Oct. 27.

Alekhine won the tenth game in the World Chess Championship. The present score is Alekhine 6 1/2 points; Euwe 3 1/2.—Reuter.

Japan Refutes League Charge

No Breach Of Nine-Power Pact In Invasion Of China, Holds Tokio

TOKIO, October 27.

The Japanese Government have declined the invitation to the Nine-Power Conference.

The Cabinet approved of the note which was handed to the Belgian Ambassador, refusing the invitation to the Nine-Power Conference.

The Note refutes the League declaration that the Japanese operations in China are a violation of the Nine-Power Pact and adds that through its assurance to China of moral support, the League of Nations has taken sides and the Japanese Government cannot but conclude that the convocation of the conference is linked up with the League's resolution and, therefore, a frank and full discussion to bring about a just, equitable and realistic solution cannot be expected.

HEROIC STAND OF CHINESE TROOPS

SHANGHAI, Oct. 27.

The Japanese capture of Chapei has ended the seige, lasting 71 days, during which thousands of lives were gallantly laid down.

The Japanese flag is now flying everywhere in Chapei, but a Chinese battalion of 500 men, who refused to obey orders to evacuate, is still making the Japanese victory a costly one. With hand grenades and machine-guns they are trying to kill before being killed.

A Chinese spokesman told Reuter: "The loss of Chapei is only a phase. We are going to keep on fighting just as stoutly as ever."—Reuter.

Worst Fire In Far East Since 1923 Earthquake

SHANGHAI, Oct 27.

The worst fire in the Far East since Tokio was burned after the historic earthquake of 1923 is raging in the captured Chapei district. The whole of the northern sky is black with smoke.—Reuter.

"FIRE IN SELF-DEFENCE"

Order To American Marines

SHANGHAI, Oct 27.

The American Naval Commander-in-Chief has authorized the American marines to fire in self-defence in the event of an attack by aeroplanes of any nationality on the defence forces or non-combatants in the United States Defence Sector.—Reuter.

JAP SUCCESS IN NORTH

Niang-tze-Kuan Pass Captured

PEIPING, Oct. 27.

At the end of two weeks of bitter fighting, the Japanese captured the elaborately defended Niang-tze-Kuan Pass, the Eastern gateway of Shansi province.

Meanwhile the Japanese drive on Taiyuan-Fu, the capital of the Province, from the North is reported to be in full swing.—Reuter.

Chinese To Make Stand Along Soochow Creek

SHANGHAI, Oct 27.

The Chinese have announced their intention of making a stand along the banks of Soochow creek to the west from the Shanghai-Hangchow Railway Bridge, and the line will extend thence to Nanhsiang and in the north to Liuho via Kating.—Reuter.

SHANGHAI NORTH STATION CAPTURED

Japanese Flag Hoisted: Advance Still Continues

SHANGHAI, Oct. 27.

Following a steam-roller attack launched at dawn by the Japanese Blue Jackets from Chapei-Hongkew Park, the Japanese flag was hoisted over the North Station of Shanghai at 6-50 a.m.

The Chinese forces had withdrawn 15 minutes earlier. Bugles were blown as the flag was hoisted to mark the capture not only of the North Station, but also of the adjoining administration, building of which has become known as "China's Alcazar".

The Japanese advance is continuing over the whole of Chapei-Hongkew Park sector, simultaneously with other Japanese forces which struck the south from Tachang and are also advancing towards the Shanghai-Nanking Railway. The Japanese have occupied Kiangwan race course, Japanese planes actively bombing the retreating Chinese troops.—Reuter

JAPANESE ADVANCE

SHANGHAI, October 27.

The Chinese at 06-00 hours blew up the vital Chungshan Road Bridge, over which thousands of Chinese troops silently crossed into the territory to the South of Soochow Creek during the night.

Observers state that the withdrawal was well organized and well conducted, the unit passing with no sign of panic.

A rearguard action is now being fought at Markham Road junction where the Shanghai-Nanking and Shanghai-Hangchow Railways converge.

Meanwhile a number of Chinese isolated in Chapei, face annihilation or surrender.

It is believed that they were not informed of the general withdrawal.

The Japanese have also captured Diangwan village.

The Japanese have captured the junction of the Shanghai-Nanking and Shanghai-Hangchow Railways. Huge fires are raging in Chapei where the Chinese blew up and ignited buildings before retiring.—Reuter.

British Delegates For Far East Conference

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Mr. Anthony Eden stated in the House of Commons that Britain

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 6.)

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Lady Doctor Fully Qualified Nurses Lady Health Visitor, Midwife, outstations. Apply Daboo Ismail Building, 231, Hornby Road. (9291)

Wanted Engineer first or second Class supervise workshop. wages Rs. 75, rising Rs. 100. Apply Box No. 9231, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Paid Organiser on Rs. 60 p.m. with increment and office expense to organise a unique scheme. Apply to Post Box 10009, Calcutta. (9287)

Wanted candidates to qualify as Engineers; Overseers, through Postal training. Apply:—British India Technical College, Sukkur, (Sind). (9161)

Wanted an Instructor in Physical Training for the Gujarat College on Rs. 40 p.m. The apopintment will be in the first instance upto 28th February, 1938. Candidates should state their qualifications, experience and their date and place of birth. They should send copies of certificates or testimonials if any so as to reach the undersigned on or before 5th November, 1937. G. Findlay Shirras, Principal, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, 23rd October 1937. (7116)

62. TO BE LET

Blocks to let with spacious rooms electric fan and Light. Moghe Building, Dadar, near Railway Station and Tram Terminus, Vincent Cross Street, No. 1. Rent Rupees 48—55. (9292)

Nepean Sea Road Sea-facing large flat, five bed-rooms, very big hall, kitchen, etc. Newly oil-painted, electrified gas fittings for high class Hindoos. Vegetarians preferred. Rent Rs. 110. Apply Madhav Villas, Setalwad Road. 'Phone 44011. (9274A)

To Let—Airy Self-contained Three and four-roomed blocks, open all sides best conveniences. Indira Niwas, Happy Home, Bhavanishankar Road, seven minutes' walk from Dadar Station, also double-rooms with taps, separate electric meters, Pandit Niwas, opposite Antonio De'Silva School, Dadar. Bargain rents. Special concessions for immediate occupation. Apply spot, or 'Phone 44011. (9274)

68. FLATS TO LET

Apollo Reclamation, Ram Mansion, Nowroji Furdonji Road: Self-contained flat of two rooms and kitchen, immediately available. 1st floor, rent Rs. 60 p.m. Apply on premises or to Messrs. Gilbert-Lodge & Co., 17, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay (7107)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Show cases, modern up-to-date, suitable for big stores, jewellery, restaurant, watch and clock shops, etc., and office table, safes Please apply before 1st November to the Ideal Watch Co., 62, Abdul Rehman Street, Bombay. (9289)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for erection of stalls on the grounds of the Karnatak Agricultural Show. About 50,000 sq. feet of covered floor space is thus to be provided. Stalls will be in units of 100 sq. feet, either separated or joined together in blocks. Material to be used will be wooden posts, bamboo supports and bamboo matting or tarpaulin. Posts and bamboos will be supplied by the Show Committee free on site. Tenders offered should be for fixing the posts and the bamboos and bamboo matting. Contracts may be sought for in parts of ten thousand square feet or multiples of the same. All tenders must reach the undersigned before the 7th November 1937. They will be opened at 4 p.m. on 7th November, 1937. The parties whose tenders are accepted must deposit a sum of Rs. 100 and the erection work must commence on or before the 22nd November, and be completed before 15th December, 1937.

Forms of tender and plans will be supplied on payment of rupees two.

(Sd.) S. S. SALIMATH,
General Secretary,
Karnatak Agricultural Show.
Belgaum.

Belgaum: 23rd October, 1937.
7117.

WARNING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all Representatives of this Company who are empowered to negotiate, or in any way deal with the appointments of Kerosene Agents and Petrol dealers bear written authority enabling you to identify them. Any unauthorised person who claims to have any influence in the appointment of Agents or Dealers or who attempts to obtain money from applicants for their appointment as Agents or Dealers should immediately be reported to the Manager at the District Office.

The appointment of all Agents and Dealers will be strictly decided upon by the Manager in accordance with the actual merits of the applicant and the payment of any sum to any employees of the Company or other persons not only will have no influence whatever in bringing an application to the favourable consideration of the Manager but on the contrary will completely exclude such applicant from consideration.

Any applicant may negotiate directly with the Manager, personally or otherwise, if he is in any doubt about the authority of the person with whom he is dealing, or if any one attempts to prevent him from so doing or attempts to obtain money from him for that purpose.

CALTEX (INDIA), LIMITED.
7110

Public Notices

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 2nd, 3rd and 4th November, 1937, respectively, those days being Public Holidays (DIVALI) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. D. MACGILVRAY,
Secretary & Treasurer (Offg.)
Bombay, 23rd October, 1937.
(7115)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. EBRAHIM GOOLAMHUSSEIN CURRIMBHOY, the Liquidator of the Currimbhoy Woollen and Silk Mills, Co., Ltd., (In Voluntary Liquidation) of Bombay has on his behalf and on behalf of his co-liquidators contracted to sell the undermentioned properties to our clients.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 41-43, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of partly Khoti and partly Inam land together with the messuages tenements and buildings standing thereon, situate, lying and being in the village of Hariali, Taluka South Salsette Zilla Thana, in the Registration Sub District of Bandra, Bombay Suburban containing by admeasurement seventy-two thousand five hundred and fifty-nine square yards or thereabouts and registered under the following numbers:

E. No.	S. No.	Pot No.	F. No.
C. 4	4	1	..
„ 4	4	2 part	..
„ 4	4	—	1
„ 5	5	1	—
„ 6	6	1	—
„ 161	57	1 part	—
„ „	„	2 part	—
„ 162	58	1 part	—
„ „	„	2 part	—
„ „	„	4 part	—
„ „	„	——	1—2
„ 163	59	1—2	—
„ 164	60	1—2	—
„ 165	—	—	—
„ 166	—	—	—
„ 167 D21	—	3	—
„ 168	61	1 part	—
„ 343	111	1	—

and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East partly by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway and partly by the Kanjur village, on or towards the West by the Agra Road on or towards the North by the boundary of Kanguri village and on or towards the South by the property of the Vendors.

SECONDLY:—ALL that piece or parcel of partly Khoti and partly Imam land or ground situate in the village of Hariali, Taluka Salsette, Zilla Thana, in the Registration Sub District of Kurla containing by admeasurement one lac eighteen thousand eight hundred and seventy-one square yards or thereabouts and registered under the following numbers:—

E. No.	S. No.	Pot No.	F. No.
C. 1	1	1	—
„ 2	2	1	—
„ 3 D21	3	1	—
„ 334	108	1	—
„ 336 D 21	106	3	—
„ „	„	—	1—2—4
„ 339 D46	108	1—3	1
„ 340	„	2	—
„ 341	109	1	—
„ 322	105	--	1
„ 323	„	—	2—3
„ 324 D21	„	—	4
„ 327	„	—	7
„ „	„	—	8 part
„ 329	„	—	10
„ 331	„	—	12—13
„ 333	„	—	15—16

and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East partly by the Agra Road and partly by the property of Mr. Kaloo on or towards the West by Pawai Road on or towards the North by a passage and Government quarry and the property of Mr. Jayakar and on or towards the South partly by the property of Sumantrao Anantrao and partly by the property of the Vendors.

Dated this 27th day of October, 1937.

MALVI RANCHODDAS & CO.,
Purchasers Attorneys.
(7130)

Public Notices

DIVALI HOLIDAYS

FLYING RANEE.

On MONDAY, November 1st in addition to the Daily Flying Ranee Service Bombay Central dep. 18-5 for Surat, a Duplicate Train will leave Bombay Central for Bulsar only and will run to the following timings.

BOMEAY CENTRAL	dep. 18-35
DADAR	dep. 18-49
PALGHAR	arr. 20-5
GHOLVAD	arr. 20-54
UMBERGAON	arr. 21-5
SANJAN	arr. 21-15
DAMAN ROAD	arr. 21-37
UDVADA	arr. 21-50
BULSAR	arr. 22-10

On FRIDAY November 5th the Up-Flying Ranee will run in two portions as on Mondays.

SURAT PORTION.

SURAT	dep. 5-33
BOMBAY CENTRAL	arr. 9-48

BULSAR PORTION.

BULSAR	dep. 5-45
BOMBAY CENTRAL	arr. 9-15

B. B. & C. I. R.
(7132)

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"KOKILA"

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WITH

MOTILAL

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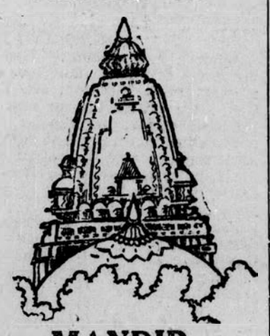
Directed By: BADAMI

Story of RAMANLAL VASANTLAL

ON 30th OCT.

ROXY

Next Saturday From 30th Oct.



MANDIR

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He EVER Achieved
Starring:—
RAJKUMARI,
(of NEW THEATRES' Fame)
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TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ONLY!

A picture that stands alone as a monumental screen achievement!

From ALEXANDER DUMAS' IMMORTAL NOVEL

"THE COUNT OF MONTE CRISTO"

with

ROBERT DONAT
ELLISA LANDI

A Reliance Picture

Released thru' UNITED ARTISTS
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NEXT SATURDAY

SPECIAL GLORIOUS DOUBLE ATTRACTION FOR THE DIVALI HOLIDAYS!

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MUSIC
ROMANCE
STAR
COMEDY
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SATURDAY, 30TH OCTOBER
and
WEDNESDAY, 3RD NOVEMBER.
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'Bhakta Damaji'

SHIVAJI MOVIETONE PRODUCTION

Director: DADA ATHAVLE

MAJESTIC

CINEMA

GIRGAUM.

TIME: 5-15, 8, 10-30.

'Resolution At 'Dufferin' Governing Body Meeting Not Pressed'

Messrs. Walchand & Master Explain About Unemployed Cadets

BOMBAY: October 27.

With regard to the report of the meeting of the Governing Body of the Training Ship "Dufferin," held on October 25, regarding the question of the number of unemployed Cadets, Messrs. Walchand Hirachand and M. A. Master have issued the following statement to the Press:——

It seems that in view of the Governing Body's accepting the recommendations of the Special Sub-Committee presided over by Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Mr. Master did not press forward his resolution rejecting the Government's number of unemployed cadets and as such some misunderstanding has cropped up.

The Statement runs as follows:——

Governing Body's Views

In view of what has appeared in the Press on the subject of the question of the employment of the ex-cadets of the Training Ship "Dufferin," the following recommendations made by the special Sub-Committee of the Governing Body presided over by Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas and adopted at the meeting of that Body on the 25th October 1937 will show to the public what the considered views of that Body are on this important question.

After tracing the historical background about 'the moral responsibility of the Government of India to find employment for 'Dufferin' cadets," they recommended that the Governing Body should address a letter to the Government of India stressing the following points:—

"1. Not to make any alterations in the present prospectus in regard to the subject of employment." (That is the old prospectus and not the new one).

"2. To exercise their utmost influence with the shipping companies trading on the coast and in the adjoining waters in persuading them.

(a) not to restrict the selection of their apprentices from those cadets only who have obtained the extra or the first class certificate but to take them from all those cadets pass out of the ship,

(b) not to insist upon employing only such cadets as officers as have received their apprentice training on their ships only.

(c) to employ ex-cadets as officers on their ships in "adequate numbers" or at any rate in proportion to their tonnage engaged on the coast and in the adjoining waters.

3. To exercise their influence with the P. and O. Co. which enjoys special patronage of Officers travelling under the Lee Concession scheme in addition to the patronage which the people and the Government of India have been extending to them for years past—in obtaining an assurance from them that they will employ ex-cadets of "Dufferin" on their ships in a reasonable number.

4. To attach conditions as regards the employment of these cadets as officers on the ships of the companies getting the benefit of subsidies or financial help under contracts for carriage of mails or obtaining other similar facilities.

5. To consider the necessity of announcing a definite policy that in case shipping companies trading on the coast and in the adjoining waters do not employ ex-cadets of "Dufferin" as officers on their ships in a reasonable number, the Government of India will take action by law to see that they will receive such employment on ships of those companies so that their object for creating an Indian personnel for sea service is attained."

Changes In Prospectus

As the Governing Body have all along felt that the recent changes made in the Prospectus "would have a detrimental effect on the ship," they once again requested the Government of India to reconsider the matter and drop the recent changes.

As regards the resolution moved by Mr. Master and seconded by Mr Walchand in regard to the number of the unemployed ex-cadets, the truth is that in view of the above recommendations adopted by the Governing Body and in deference to the wishes of some of the senior members, it was not pressed although the explanation given did not carry satisfaction. The real problem is that employment will have to be secured for about 30 ex-cadets from now and during 1938 as they begin to get their certificates of competency and that is a matter which is not easy to solve.

It was, however, encouraging to find that the Hon. Sir Sultan Ahmed's personal influence had secured employment for 11 ex-cadets as officers on British shipping companies since February 1937 which has thus improved the position and if his spirit continues to dominate the Commerce Department after he leaves it and if the above recommendations of the Governing Body are translated into action, it would considerably help the Training Ship in achieving the object for which it was started viz. the creation of an Indian personnel for sea-service. —United Press.

REVENUE MINISTER MEETS STUDENTS

Strength And Weakness Of Village System Discussed

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, Oct. 26.

A batch of about 100 college students who had assembled at Bhade—a village in Bhor State,—after their laborious survey of 100 square miles, met the Hon'ble Mr. Morarji R. Desai Revenue Minister, who had gone over there under special invitation

The Minister had a very interesting discussion with the college boys who related to him their varied experiences in the district of Satara. They described to him the strength and weakness of the present village system and how the future reconstruction work could be proceeded with. The Minister listened to them attentively and gave them an assurance of his appreciation of the splendid work turned out by them.

Hearing the news of Minister's arrival a crowd of about 500 people from the neighbouring British villages in Satara came round to greet him and one by one laid before him their wants or grievances. Many of these related to water-supply, construction of Bunds, lack of village roads, etc. The Minister with his usual cheerfulness gave them some encouraging replies. He said that he liked to meet the rural folk and obtain from them first hand information.

Jam Saheb Opens Quarry Works At Bhoiwada

(From A Correspondent)

H. H. the Jam Saheb of Navanagar recently opened the Quarry Works of Messrs. Nensy Monji (suppliers of stones and concrete) on the hills at Bhoiwada (Parel).

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Taijin „	24th „	8th Nov.
Italy „	7th „	....
Celebes „	8th Nov	23rd Nov
London „	23rd „	8th Dec
Shinsei „ No. 1	10th Dec	25th „

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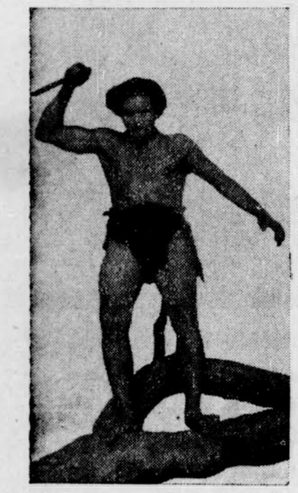

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AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Motising Goculji, a constable of the Bombay City police, was discharged to-day by the Presidency Magistrate Third Court, Bombay of a charge of criminally assaulting his adopted daughter.

The accused was arrested on May 22. The accused, it was said informed the Children's Aid Society that his adopted daughter had run away with his wife. The Society instituted inquiries and traced the accused's wife and his adopted daughter at Surat. His adopted daughter lodged a complaint against the accused of having ravished her. The accused was then prosecuted.

Questioned by the Court whether he had criminally assaulted his adopted daughter, the accused said "How can I do such a thing to my adopted daughter?"

The accused, pleading not guilty stated that his wife was not on good terms with him, and she instigated the girl to lodge the complaint.

For want of satisfactory evidence, the Magistrate discharged the accused

---

An unidentified old woman of sixty fell down from a Down Thana Local Train and was killed yesterday at V. T. Station Platform. The head of the deceased was smashed. An inquest will be held to-morrow.

An old woman, Dhaklyabai Kushaba, had an accidental fall near the bath room in her residence and hurt her leg. She was removed to the G. T. Hospital where she died last night. The Coroner recorded a verdict of accidental death.

Wasadalli Mohomad (22), while engaged in the work of digging a trench, met his death last evening due to sudden collapse of a neighbouring wall.

It was stated that the deceased along with other workmen was engaged in laying a pipe near a wall at Chakala Street last evening. A wall suddenly collapsed and the deceased and some others were buried under the debris They were extricated by the Fire Brigade men and were removed to G. T. Hospital where he died Another workman Krishna Kanoo (25) also succumbed to injuries

---

Friendly relations with the jobber are said to have incited four employees of a mill in making a dastardly knife attack on another employee and the jobber.

The alleged incident occurred in Alexander Mill last night.

The complainant and the jobber, as also another friend of the latter, who happened to pass that way, were successively attacked.

Not satisfied with the attack, Bhikaji Gangaram, one of the alleged assailants, is said to have rushed to the Byculla Police Station to make a complaint. He was taken to the J. J. Hospital to be dressed for a slight wound on the head.

In the hospital he was recognised by the complainant and his friend jobber as one of the assailants and was subsequently put under arrest.

Pending the arrest of Laxman, Pandoo and Dhondoo, accomplices of the accused, Bhikaji was ordered to be released on bail at the Mazagon Court till the 10th Nov. in a sum of Rs. 100 (cash Rs. 30).

Twelve more persons arrested on the 13th October ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 50 (cash Rs. 30) till the 10th November at the same Court.

These are stated to be bad characters who were infesting the locality every night and, it is stated, orders for externment in their case are under contemplation.

Forty-eight persons arrested on the 13th instant in the vicinity of Chota Kabrastan following information received by the Nagpada Police were discharged to-day at the Mazagaon Court on an application by the Police.

Nine persons were arrested by the Anti-Gambling Squad last night, in different parts of the city, on a charge of accepting "sutta bets".

Devidas Kachara, Mulchand Gugaldas and Saraj Meram were arrested last night in a shop at Harichand Building, near Kumbharwada for alleged sutta gambling.

Tatu Pandu was arrested by the Anti-Gambling Squad on a charge of sutta gambling. While the panchanama was being made, the accused it is alleged, ran away. This was stated by the police at the Girgaum Police Court the accused was subsequently traced and arrested.

Tukaram Bhikaji and Yeshwant Govind were arrested last night in a Municipal Chawl, Chamarbaug.

Magan H. Shet and two other persons were arrested by the Anti-Gambling Squad last night in a grain shop, situated on the ground floor of Javeri Building, near Matunga Railway Foot Bridge, for alleged "sutta gambling".

All the accused persons, were put up before the Magistrate at the Girgaum Police Court, to-day, and were ordered to be released on bail.

The story of how one Muttayya Palesh, a member of the Dharavi Tanners Union, called a man walking along the Dharavi Road, took him to the Tanners Union office, made him sit from the 24th instant evening upto the time of his escape on the 25th evening under threats of death was narrated to-day before the Magistrate at Dadar by the Mahim police.

It is further alleged that the complainant was told that he would be killed if he were not to join the Tanners Union.

On the 25th evening the complainant on some pretext managed to escape from the office and reported the matter to the police.

The police then arrestd the accused and produced him before the Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, who ordered him to be remanded into police custody till November 5 as he could not furnish the security of Rs. 100.

Annual Publication Of List Of Newspapers

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes.—

The Government of Bombay have directed that a list of periodicals published in the Province of Bombay which are classified as "newspapers" should be printed annually after the close of each official year, for sale to the public. The list, which will be prepared in English only will give the following particulars:—(1) the name of the newspaper (2) language of publication (3) place of publication and press at which it is printed (4) whether published daily, weekly, etc. and (5) annual subscription The first list will be for the year 1936 corrected upto the 30th September 1937. Monthly corrections to the list will be printed and attached to the copies of the list. The list, as well as the monthly correction slips will be on sale at the Government Book Depot, Charni Road Gardens, Bombay.

The Kalsia State Court has sentenced a 70-year-old priest to two months' jail and a fine of Rs. 500 for marrying a girl of 12. The officiating priest was fined Rs. 200.

APPEAL TO GRAIN MERCHANTS

Hamals' Legitimate Demands Must Be Conceded

Mr. V. B. Karnik, the General Secretary of the Bombay Dock Workers' Union has issued the following statement in reply to the statement of the Grain Merchants' Association:—

The acting Secretary of the Grain Merchants' Association has issued a statement to the Press regarding the strike of the Dana Bunder hamals, in which he says that the relations of the merchants and the hamals were harmonious until they were disturbed by outsiders, that the merchants pay their coolies between Rs. 50 and Rs. 60 and that the workers had no justification for dissatisfaction or complaint. This statement of the Grain Merchants' Association is both misleading as well as false.

Outsiders Blamed

It is a usual thing with the employers to blame outsiders for a strike. They conveniently forget the most obvious fact that no outsider, however effective, can get out hundreds of workers on strike unless the workers have some genuine grievances.

In the case of the Dana Bunder I can prove from the records that scores of Hamals came to the Union office with their grievances and demands and registered them with the Union and that the Union decided to support their strike only when there was no response from the Association to a letter written on their behalf by the Union.

As a matter of fact, there was such a grave discontent among the workers that they wanted to go on strike the day that they approached the Union. But the Union held them back from any precipitate action and gave the Association three days' time to enquire into their grievances and to give them relief. But the Association did not move its little finger in the matter and the workers were compelled to resort to strike.

Absolutely False

The association's statement that the workers get on an average Rs. 50 to Rs. 60 per month is absolutely false. As a matter of fact the average earnings of the workers do not exceed Rs. 35 per month.

But I am prepared to take the association at its word. Let the association guarantee to the workers an average wage of between Rs. 50 to Rs. 60 for an average workday of say 10 hours and I assure the Association that the workers will immediately return to work.

The Association has appealed to the Government to see that peace and tranquillity are not disturbed. This is a direct appeal to the Government to use repression against the strikers.

Conciliatory Attitude

Regarding the settlement of the strike the Union has from the very beginning adopted a most conciliatory attitude.

I may state in the end that the union as well as the strikers are anxious for an early settlement of the strike and I appeal to the merchants to live up to their traditions of generosity and patriotism by granting to the workers their just and legitimate demand about an increase in their meagre wages.

Parsee General Hospital Silver Jubilee Fund

(LIST NO. 13.)

The following are further donations towards the funds of above institution in commemoration of its Silver Jubilee:—

Amount previous acknowledged Rs. 3,28,472; Anonymous, in memory of the late Bai Mithibai Fardoonjee Banajee, (for the endowment fund) Rs. 2,000; Bai Aimai Rustomjee Dhanidaduna or Mistry, in memory of her husband, the late Mr. Rustomjee Jamshedjee Jamasjee Dhanidaduna or Mistry Rs. 501; The Honorary Secretary, the Shanghai Parsee Cemetery Trust Fund, through Mr. Ruttonshaw Dorabjee Kapadia (for the general fund) Rs. 200; A Zoroastrian, in sacred memory of the late Bai Maneckbai and Mr. Jehangirjee Guzdar Rs. 151; Mr. Kaikhshru Ruttonjee Bhoot, in pious memory of his dear parents, the late Mr. and Mrs. Ruttonjee Jamshedjee Bhoot Rs. 50; In memory of the late Mr. Tehmurasp Ardeshir Vakeel Rs. 50; Bai Pirojbai Pestonjee Mistry, in memory of her husband, the late Mr. Pestonjee Cooverjee Mistry Rs. 50; A patient Rs. 31; Mr. Framroze, in pious memory of his dear wife Bai Najan, on her 2nd anniversary, (Roj Mohor, Maha Farvardin) Rs. 25; Mr. Rustomjee Framjee Kharas Rs. 21; Mr. Kohdadad Gustad Kermani Rs. 21; A relative, in pious memory of the late Bai Baimai Hormusjee Kapadia, on her anniversary, (Roj Sarosh, Maha Farrokh Farvardin) Rs. 21; Mr. P. J. Gandhi Rs. 10.

Total Rs. 3,31,603.

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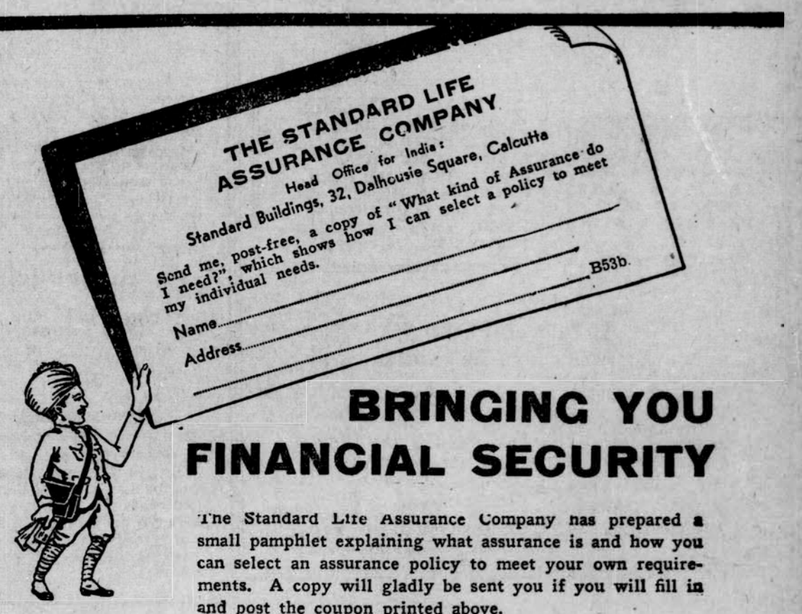
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HYDERABAD STATE XI PUTS UP TALL SCORE

Hussain Misses Century By Narrow Margin

CRICKET ASSOCIATION MEETS WITH DISASTER

(From Our Correspondent.)

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 27.

With 188 runs for the loss of 5 wickets S. M. Hussain (skipper) and Patel, the overnight not outs commenced the second innings for the Hyderabad State Eleven at 10-30 a.m., in the All-India Moin-ud-Doula Gold Cup cricket tourney in ideal weather. 250 was seen on the score-board after 1 hour and 20 minutes play. Patel being dismissed while the score stood at 217. Riaz being the successful bowler.

The partnership between Hadi and S. M. Hussain contributed much towards the success of the Hyderabad State Eleven. Hadi having joined his brother at 217 fell a victim at 341. R. K. Rao (skipper) of the opponents holding him off Mardiker.

Hadi hit 7 boundaries for his chanceless 59 (341—7—59). With 7 more runs towards the total S. M. Hussain was run out, missing his individual century by 6 runs only (348—8—94). Hyder Ali filled the vacancy and at the lunch interval the score-board showed 350 for the loss of 8 wickets. Ibara and Hyder Ali batting with 3 and 1 respectively.

With 35 more runs added to the score, Hyderabad Eleven were all out. Ibrahim Khan being clean bowled by Mehta. (385—10—11).

HYDERABAD C. A.'S SECOND VENTURE.

Hyderabad Cricket Association went in at 2-20 p.m. for their second venture. Mache and Mardiker opened their second innings, while Hyder Ali and Ibrahim Khan were in-charge of bowling. The first wicket fell for 1. (1—1—0).

Two more wickets fell for an addition of 27 runs. Abid Bilgrami and Zahid Sayeed being now together. Hyder Ali was responsible for 3 wickets. The same bowler once again claimed a wicket Zahid Sayeed being clean bowled for 16 runs (51—5—16). R. K. Rao now came in and 60 was noisted in 70 minutes.

At the tea interval, Hyderabad Cricket Association had scored 89 for the loss of 5 wickets, R. K. Rao and Abid Bilgrimi batting with 20 and 22 respectively.

With an addition of 20 runs to the tea score R. K. Rao (skipper) had to leave the crease at 109. He was clean bowled by Ibrahim Khan. (109—7—26). Abid Bilgrami was the highest scorer so far took the side with 29. He was held by Esa Khan off Ibrahim, who claimed 2 wickets. Mazher-ud-Din and Wahid Razvi not being disheartened, kept pace and advanced the score to 150 amidst cheers, and when the stumps were drawn for the day, the total was 170. Mazher-ud-Din and Wahid Razvi batting with 36 and 26 to their individual credit.

The Score:—

HYDERABAD STATE XI.

Esa Khan, c Wahid Razvi, b Riaz	3
Venkatswamy, c Riaz, b Mehta	27
Asadulla, c Mache, b Zahid Syeed	41
Vajhuba, b Mehta	17
Bharath Chand, c Zahid Syeed, b Riaz	57
Patel, l.-b-w. b Riaz	31
S. M. Hussain, (run out)	94
S. M. Hadi, c R. K. Rao, b Mardikar	59
Ibara, c Mazheruddin, b Mehta	8
Hyder Ali (not out)	17
Ibrahim Khan, b Mehta	11
Extras	18
Total	383

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Mehta	4 for 123.
Riazul Haq	3 for 94.
Zahid Syeed	1 for 31.
Mardikar	1 for 23.
Wahid Razvi	0 for 11.
Abid Bilgrami	0 for 31.
Rajgopal	0 for 19.
R. K. Rao	0 for 33.

INTERNATIONAL WRESTLING

Contingent From Calcutta Arrives

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

Marty Rose Martin, the financier and promoter of the All-India International Professional Wrestling Tournament commencing on November 3, 1937, on the Marine Drive Stadium arrived to-day in Bombay with the following famous wrestlers from Calcutta:—Wong Back Cheung, heavy weight champion of All China and master of "Boston Crab." Harbans Singh, champion of Burma, Malaya States and Fiji islands, and also Santa Singh, Sardar Khan, Posty Palwan, Juala Singh Hanuman Singh, and Mohamed Sarif.

He stated negotiations with other world-renowned Indian wrestlers were nearing completion and he desired to assure the public that he was doing his utmost to represent India's best.

Leading European wrestlers engaged by him were due to arrive in Bombay on November 1 by M. V. "Conte Biancamano."—A.P.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

8-30 a.m. Instrumental Duets. The AIR Artists. 8-40 a.m. Talk (Gujerati): "Thumbing the Books." By S. U. Shukla. 8-55 a.m. Light Music. Hiralal Nakshigara of Surat.

12-0 noon A Request Programme. 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates and Announcements. A Programme of Gramophone Music. 6-0 p.m. The Novelty Trio. 6-30 p.m. To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. (The News in Marathi and Time Signal at 7-0 p.m.). 7-30 p.m. "About the Home." A Real Cook's Tour: "Jewish Dishes." By Hilda Flanders. 7-45 p.m. The Viennese Orchestra From Mongini's. 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 p.m. Talk (English): "Down to the Sea in Ships". Part I.—No. 4. By Captain Richards. 9-15 p.m. The News. 9-30 p.m. Light Classical Music Hirabai Barodekar.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 k/s. and 49.10 metres, 6 109 kc/s.

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

12-36 p.m. "International Sing Song." The Radio Quartette. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 p.m. School Programme. 2-6 p.m. Recorded Music. 2-36 p.m. Vocal Music—Modern. Sheuli Sircar. 2-51 p.m. Ashit Kumar Mookherjee—Modern. 5-6 p.m. For the Rural Areas. 5-36 p.m. "Rakta-Jaba." A Musical Extravaganza. 7-6 p.m. Bhajan (Bengali). Sontosh Sen Gupta. 7-21 p.m. Kabya Sangit. Chittaranjan Roy. 7-36 p.m. The Betar Orchestra. Conducted by Tarak Nath Dey. 7-51 p.m. Talk: "Calcutta's Slums" No. 1. By Kalyani Chakravarty. 7-6 p.m. The News and Weather Report (Bengali). 8-21 p.m. Thumri and Gazal Manju Sahib. 8-41 p.m. Dadra and Bhajan. Radharani. 9-1 p.m. Commercial News and Weather Report (English). 9-6 p.m. The News and Announcements. 9-21 p.m. Talk: "What's On?" By Renitac. A review of films to come. 9-36 p.m. Ted Frangopoulo and his Blue Harmony Boys. Freda Gray—Soubrette.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

8 a.m. Vatsala Bai Kumtekar. Kyal Todi; Thumri; Ghazals. 8-35 a.m. Haider Husain. Sitar Solo—Bahar. 8-45 a.m. B. S. Rawat—Bhajans. 8-55 a.m. Afzal Husain. 9-10 a.m. The News (English). 9-20 a.m. The News (Hindustani). 9-30 a.m. Firoz Nizami.

12-30 p.m. Indian Music. 1-30 p.m. "I Scream Too Much". A Radio Satire by Spike Hughes. Produced by Max Kester. 6-0 p.m. Firoz Nizami. 6-20 p.m. Readings from Famous Books. Recitation from "Anis" the famous "Marsiago." By Behzad Lucknavi. 6-25 p.m. Vatsalabai Kumtekar. Khayal Narva; Ghazals. 7-0 p.m. "For Villagers only." (The News and Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.). 8-0 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): "Rind in Urdu Poetry". By Majeed Malik. 8-15 p.m. Firoz Nizami. "Tero ki nam." Pahari Geet. 8-30 p.m. B. S. Rawat. "Ashiquon ka dil banaya aaina Allah ne" "Naat". "Khan-i-Ishq be chirag hoa" "Dagh." 8-45 p.m. P. S. Mukerji Sarod. 8-45 p.m. Vatsalabai Kumtekar. Dadra: Ghazal; Marathi Song. 9-15 p.m. The News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 p.m. The News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 p.m. Gipsy Music. 10-0 p.m. Talk (English): "Current Events." Affairs in Europe. By J. W. Collins. 10-15 p.m. "Immortelles."

WRESTLING TOURNAMENTS FOR INDUSTRIES' EXHIBITION

Committee Formed To Make Necessary Plans

LAHORE, Oct. 23.

A wrestling tournament on a scale never planned in India before, is being organised by an influential Committee consisting among others of Mr. H. W. Hogg, Khan Bahadur Sh. Mahomed Naqi, Mian Abdul Qayum, Ch. Fateh Mohammed, R. S. Ram Jawaya Kapur, Lala Narsingh Das Chopra, Honorary Magistrate and Rais of Lahore, Mian M. A. Rafee (Secretary) and noted wrestlers who have been well-known figures in the Punjab for the All-India Exhibition of Arts and Industries to be held in Minto Park, Lahore, at the end of the year.

The authorities in charge of the Exhibition have made elaborate arrangements to provide varied entertainment side by side with the instructive part of the Exhibition programme and the best is being looked for as the ideal in all departments. The plans of the Committee in charge of the Wrestling tournament which are, at this stage, naturally in a tentative form, are an earnest of the fare promised for the Punjab this cold weather.

For the present three dates have been decided upon to stage the big matches, viz., December 26, 1937, and 2nd and 16th January, 1938. During Christmas week, many important events have been scheduled to take place on the Exhibition grounds, but the world championship bout that will be fought out in the wrestling arena, will provide the largest entertainment to the largest number of people.

The presence of European wrestlers in India will add to the number of entries, and if all the foreigners arrive here to balance their strength against the pick of Indian wrestlers, who will be collecting at Lahore from all over India, the educative value of the tournament will be considerably enhanced, as, for the first time, two rival schools will be seen fighting for supremacy, allowing the spectators an opportunity to judge the efficacy of different modes of training and expression.—A. P.

POPULAR ASSEMBLY MUST BE REVIVED

Bhavnagar State's People's Conference Demand

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, Oct. 24.

Bhavnagar State People's Conference was held at Kundla on seventeenth and eighteenth of this month under the presidentship of Mr. Ranchhoddas Gandhi.

The open session began in open air in moon-light on Sunday.

Sjt. Parekh, Chairman of the Reception Committee read his address, and he was followed by the president of the Conference.

The president referred in his lecture to many burning problems of the State and appealed to the State to declare fundamental rights for the people, to revive the popular Assembly to take immediate steps for the amelioration of the rural population, to decrease revenue by 33 per cent. The president made trenchant criticism of the evil of bribery and corruption which had become rampant, and made a passionate plea to uproot it.

The Conference passed 35 resolutions in all. The deliberation of the parishad were complete on Tuesday midnight with vociferous shouts of "Inkilab Zindabad" Mrs. Rameshwari Nehru and Syt. Fulchand Shah were prominent guests.

Protest Against Ban On Workers' Procession

Mr. R. S. Nimbkar, General Secretary, Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag) writes:—

The Congress Ministry has assured the public that complete liberty is guaranteed for all legitimate activities. Are the workers and their organisations to be treated differently? Does this assurance not apply to them?

The question arises out of the City Police action in prohibiting workers' procession in certain areas yesterday.

During the last twelve days, the strikers of Crown Mills have shown extraordinary patience, discipline etc. Not a single untoward incident has happened so far. Why then the City Police are issuing such prohibitory orders?

Will the Hon. Mr. Munshi intervene, and stop any action of the Police that goes to help the employer, as against the workers. Next few days will give us the answer?

NOT TURNING PROFESSIONAL

I Play Tennis For Pleasure, Says Helen

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 27.

Mrs. Helen Wills-Moody denied the reports that she is planning to turn professional. She states that she has given the matter no consideration whatever. She added "I have ample field to occupy me with other activities. I play tennis only for pleasure".—Reuter.

RANJI TROPHY MATCH

JAMNAGAR, Oct. 27.

Gujarat, batting first against Bombay in the championship of India for the Ranji Trophy, scored 69 for two wickets before the lunch interval.

Hon. Dr. Gilder Visits the Reay Museum

The Hon. Dr. Gilder, Minister for Health and Excise Government of Bombay accompanied by Mrs. Gilder spent about two hours at the Lord Reay Industrial Museum, Poona on 24th October. Dr. Gilder was met by Mr. Gadgil, President of the Arogya Mandal, Poona and by Dr. V. L. Sathe, the Retired Civil Surgeon.

The Arogya Mandal is endeavouring for the establishment of a Health Museum in Poona. The need for the establishment of a Health Museum in Poona was discussed and the exhibit on Malaria recently staged at the Museum was shown to the Minister. Dr. Gilder evinced great interest in going round the Museum Library and in seeing the various exhibits.

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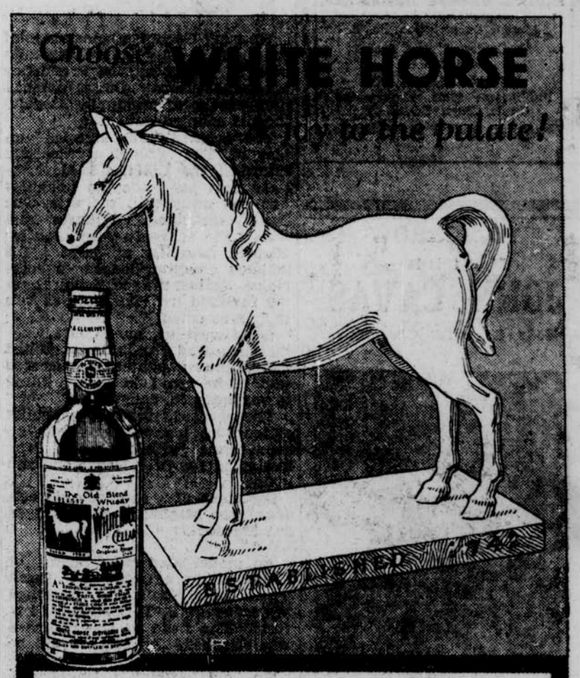

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LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Ashwin Vad 9, 1993
Muslim: Shaban 28, 1355
Parsi: Ardibehest 23, 1307
Higarde: 7-03; 19-41
Lowtide: 0-26; 13-55
Sunrise: 6h. 37m.
Sunset: 6h. 7m.

S. S. 'Rajputana' with mails from London of the 14th instant due at 5 p.m.

Meeting to protest against arrest of Nariman, Congress House, 6-30 p.m.

Indian Merchants' Chamber Meeting, 5-30 p.m.

M. R. FREE DISPENSARY

"The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ending 23rd October 1937 was 465: of these 309 were males and 156 females."

MEETING TO SUPPORT THE RENT BILL

Under the auspices of the Majlis-I-Awam a public meeting will be held today (Thursday) at 9-30 p.m. in the Neighbourhood House, New Nagpada to support the Rent Bill of Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan. The details of the Bill will be explained in the meeting.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"The London Review Co" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Dominant Sex". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Wah-Ri-Duniya". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"The Unexpected". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Khan Bahadur." Daily at usual time
NEW EMPIRE—"Storm in a Tea Cup" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Milap". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"Gangavataran". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"You Can't Have Everything" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Savitri" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m
THE BROADWAY—"Mummy's Boys". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"The Emperor's Candlesticks". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"A Tale of Yesterday." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

PROTEST AGAINST MYSORE BAN ON NARIMAN

To-day's Public Meeting

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee writes:

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Thursday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the open compound of the Congress House, to protest against the ban imposed by Mysore Government at Bangalore on Sjt. K. F. Nariman, President of the B.P.C.C. and others. Sjt. S. A. Brelvi will preside and Messrs. Soonderdas Morarji, Kashiprasad Sinha, S. B. Mahadeshwar, Sardar Gopalsing Komi, Sjt. Manibhai J. Shett will address.

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE WELCOMES JAGTAP

At the meeting of the Improvements Committee on Tuesday Mr. B. N. Karanjia, Chairman, in welcoming Rao Bahadur P. G. Jagtap, said:—

Before proceeding with the business you will allow me to extend a cordial welcome to Rao Bahadur B. P. Jagtap who has been newly appointed a member of the Improvements Committee Rao Bahadur Jagtap's experience and knowledge would no doubt be of great help to the Committee in their deliberations in matters of layouts and disposal of land and I feel sure that he will give all his assistance he can to the Committee in their work.

IN AID OF ST. ANNE'S CATECHISM CENTRE

A drama "St. Philimena", in three acts by Anthony Matre, will be shortly staged in aid of St. Anne's Catechism Centre. Wellington Terraces, Bombay, 2.

POSTAL NOTICE

Parcels for Germany direct per s.s. "Falkenfels" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 11 a.m. on Saturday the 30-10-37.

POSTAL HOLIDAYS FOR DEWALI

Wednesday the 3rd November, 1937, will be a Post Office holiday on account of 'Diwali'.

All the departments of the Bombay G.P.O. and the Town Sub-Offices, will observe on that day the same working hours as on Sundays. The Telegraph branches of the undermentioned combined offices will however remain open and work as usual.

Colaba, Kalbadevi, Masjid, Mazgaon, Bombay G. P. O., Byculla, Girgaon, Malabar Hill, Parel, Dadar, Bandra, Mahim, Mandvi, Grant Road, Santa Cruz and Vile Parle.

The remaining combined Offices will remain entirely closed on that day.

GOVERNOR BECOMES HON. PATRON OF LEPER HOME

Dr. D. A. D'Monte, Hon. Secretary and Treasurer, E.F.A. Leper Home, Trombay, writes that H. E. The Governor of Bombay has consented to become an Honorary Patron of the Eduljee Framjee Allbless Leper Home.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O.S.K. Steamer "Celebes Maru" left Singapore on October 26 and is due to arrive in Bombay on November 8 via Penang and Colombo.

LECTURES ON GITA

A series of lectures on Bhagwat Geeta will be delivered in Kanarese by Pandit Gopala Ramachar Mahuli (of Vani Vihar Vidyalaya, Matunga) at "Pratap Bhuvan" Matunga (G.I.P.). The lectures will commence at 9 p.m. every night, from (Thursday) to-night and are open to the public.

PORTRAIT OF V. P. PENDHERKER

Mr. S. R. Dongerkery, Registrar, University of Bombay, will unveil the oil painting of Mr. V. P. Pendherker the late proprietor of the Turial Printing Press to-day (Thursday) at 6-40 p.m at the Press premises 362 Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay.

TRADERS FINED

For Breach Of Weights And Measures Act

The following traders were prosecuted by the Municipal Inspector Mr. V. G. Subnis of the Market Department under the Bombay Weights and Measures Act before the Presidency Magistrate 2nd Court:—

Mr. C. G. Rele, Proprietor of Anand Provision Stores, Kennedy Bridge, and his servant were fined Rs. 100 and 50 respectively or in default rigorous imprisonment of two months in each case.

Mr. Keshorilal Damodar, owner of a sweetmeat shop opposite Majestic Cinema, Girgaum, was fined Rs. 75.

HAMALS PICKET GODOWNS

Fresh Move For Negotiation In Dana Bunder Strike

Mr. V. B. Karnik writes:—

The strike of the Hamals at Dana Bunder has now dragged on for more than a week The strikers spontaneously form themselves into processions and march from godown to godown stopping all work There is a complete stoppage of work in the Dana Bunder as it is only the Hamals, popularly known as Ghatis who can do that type of work and in spite of their great efforts the merchants are unable to get a single Ghati to do the work

UNION OFFICIAL ARRESTED.

There was good deal of excitement in the strike area on Monday noon owing to an assault on a striker alleged to have been committed by a merchant or a gumasta. A few stones were also thrown at the workers procession and it was only with great efforts that the leaders could calm down the workers One of the notable arrests on Monday was that of Mr. Din Mahomed the Vice-President of the Dock Workers Union who was arrested for blowing a bugle without permit. The police demanded a heavy bail for his release

Later in the evening there was a meeting at Argyle Road which was addressed amongst others by Messrs Abdur Rehman Mitha, R.A. Khedgikar M.L.A., Azad, Karnik Godse etc.

Mr. Mitha promised the workers to see the merchants individually and to persuade them to grant the workers' demands

REPERCUSSIONS

The Hamals strike had its repercussions all over the Dock area. Immediately after their strike there were strikes at Wadi Bunder Carnac Bunder in Hirda godowns etc All these small strikes have succeeded and the workers have as a result secured a wage increase of about 30 per cent All these strikes as well as the strike of the Dana Bunder Hamals are led by the Bombay Dock Workers' Union and the Union officials are extremely hard worked leading and organizing all these strikes.

As all efforts to bring about a settlement through the Congress Committee etc failed, the Union has now approached the Labour Commissioner and it is expected that very soon fresh efforts will be made through him for bringing about a settlement.

AID TO RAMDAS VYAYAM MANDIR

Benefit Performance: Gold And Silver Medals Awarded

Under the Presidency of Mr. M. N. Talpade a general gymnastic performance was given in aid of Ramdas Vyayam Mandir, Girgaum, on Monday last at the Victoria Theatre. Master Shinde showed his skill in Vithu and Lathi Hutta. Mr. Padamkar demonstrated sword fighting. Mr K. G. Naik's action in cards tearing and Motor Cycle stopping was very skilful. Mr. Anant Gandhi gave demonstration of music control. Miss Anjanibai Lolayekar recited some songs. The imitations of Mr. Taskar created good deal of laughter.

Sheth Shamji Mulji Zaveri has given a gold medal to Mr. K. G. Naik for stopping a motor cycle. A second one to Miss Anjani Lolayekar and a third to Mr. Gandhi Mr. Shindhe, Mr. Nibalkar, Mr. Pedhankar, Mr. Kanade, Mr. Manjarkar Mr. Savant, Mr. Taskar were given silver medals.

ORDERS SERVED ON LEADERS

A procession of the workers of the Crown Mill was banned by the section police from proceeding towards the Hindustan Mill at Jacob Circle on Tuesday evening.

The workers were stopped near the DeLisle Road police station and the leaders of the procession were served with an order prohibiting the strikers to go along the route leading towards the Hindustan Mill.

The workers thereupon dispersed of their own accord.

A meeting was held in the evening at Lal Baug Maidan when the Labour leaders exhorted the workers to continue the fight till success was achieved. The order of the police banning the procession was condemned.

Near the Crown Mill which remains closed, a police party has been stationed. The workers have remained peaceful throughout.

RS. 30 AS MINIMUM WAGE?

Question To Be Referred To Corporation Sub-Committee

In response to the agitation in the Municipal Corporation for a living wage for the menials employed in the Municipality the Municipal Commissioner proposes to fix the minimum wage at Rs. 30 per month instead of Rs. 30 per month as suggested by the Corporation. This increase in wages which will involve an extra cost of Rs. 1,86,959 and the Commissioner has included this amount in the next budget It will be recalled that the Municipal Corporation had passed in March last a resolution stating that no person in the employment of the Municipality shall be given less than Rs. 30 per month

The Municipal Commissioner in his report at first did not see his way to accept the proposal on the following grounds:—

(1) that the extra liability could not be borne by the current revenue.

(2) that any increase in taxation on that account would be unwelcome

(3) that if the proposal were given effect to the staff at present in receipt of Rs. 30 or more would also ask for a proportionate increase.

The Municipal Commissioner now states:—

When this question was discussed by the Sub-Committee of the whole of the Standing Committee in March last, there was a general feeling that something should be done to improve the prospects of the menial staff. It was therefore thought that the wishes of the Corporation would be met if a scheme could be devised whereby every labourer (excluding women, boys and men on daily wages) was put in a grade which would secure him Rs. 25 per month inclusive of House Rent Allowance or the value of free quarters wherever provided) after 10 years' service. On investigation however such additional benefits were found to be of so diverse a character that it was impracticable to value them for the purpose of fixing a suitable grade.

I therefore suggest that the grade to be fixed should be exclusive of such benefits and a grade of Rs. 20—1/2—25 appears to me to be the most suitable for the different classes of employees shown in the accompanying statement. The scale of pay of the employees who are already in receipt of more than Rs. 25 is not proposed to be improved further as the cost would be prohibitive and the pay drawn by such employees is not unduly low.

It will be seen from the statement that the number of employees whose scale of pay is proposed to be revised as above is about 7,230. The ultimate extra cost involved is Rs. 1,86,959 including Rs. 14,387 on account of Provident Fund. It is not possible to calculate the extra cost on account of leave allowances in respect of staff amenable to Municipal Service Regulations.

WHY NOT RS. 25?

The matter came before the Standing Committee on Wednesday when Mr. Mathradas Tricumji moved to fix minimum wage of Rs. 25 exclusive of house rent or free quarters

Rao Bahadur P. C. Jagtap moved an amendment to refer the matter back to the Sub-Committee of the whole Committee to fix the minimum wage. Prof. Davar supported Rao Bahadur Jagtap.

The Municipal Commissioner said if Rs. 30 was fixed as minimum wage, the municipal corporation will have to make a provision for additional expenditure which will come to about Rs. 12 lacs. This could be done only by increasing taxation.

Rao Bahadur Jagtap's amendment was agreed to.

CALCUTTA FEDERATION OF MUSIC

Reception At Indian School Of Music

On Tuesday evening the staff and the students of the Indian School of Music arranged a reception in honour of the members of the Federation of Indian Music and Dancing at present on a brief visit to this city Syt. Kanaiyalal Vakil presiding.

The members of the Calcutta Federation. Shrimaths Suhana Dey and Chowdhury gave songs both classical and from Bengal folklore—that were greatly appreciated and the Indian School of Music reciprocated with similar items.

Syt P. C. Sinha the Hon. Secretary of the Federation explained the object of their present visit and the aims of their institution.

Prof. Deodhar welcomed them and appealed to music lovers to attend the concert and dance recitals which the members of the Federation had arranged at the C. J. Hall for the 7th of November.

Syt. Kanaiyalal Vakil thanked the Federation and appreciated their art and cultural enterprise.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Great preparations are being made in the suburbs by the Bombay East Indian Association to welcome the new Catholic Archbishop of Bombay who is due to arrive next month.

The Association, I understand, is to present a welcome address, which is to be presented at Bandra. The function is to be held in St. Peter's Church compound and a very large Catholic gathering is expected.

SUBURBAN SLUM INCREASING

That suburban slum I wrote about last year has now shown a rapid increase.

Buildings have sprung up like the proverbial mushrooms. Bandra being the most built upon, with the result that this place has eccentric streets and by-lanes, with tiles of crazy hues built in already over-crowded localities.

Further down, the milch cattle stables, in the Vacola area of Santa Cruz is another breeding ground for slums. Here mosquitoes breed with the rapidity of rabbits and though they are not of the malarious species, the time is not far when these will also infest the suburbs.

In short, houses that are already built and are being built are far too close to one another, and one of the most handicapped are the roads which were originally devised. These did not make sufficient allowance for the rapid growth of the suburbs. As a result the roads built are far too narrow for present purposes.

This being already done, cannot be undone, but at least now our suburban authorities will plan better schemes in places not built upon yet and stop the building of the houses cheek by jowl, for though these may create a neighbourly feeling, yet will one day prove dangerous to public health.

THANA CRICKET TOURNAMENT

Most of the suburban cricket tournament will start during the week-end. Recently under the auspices of the Thana Friends' Union Cricket Club, a meeting was held of the Teredesai Memorial and Shaligram Memorial Cricket Tournament Committee, when a programme of the senior and junior tournaments was fixed. Mr. G. B. Walavalkar presided over this meeting.

These tournaments this year promise to be very interesting ones and have quite a number of entries.

BAN ON MORE BOOKS LIFTED

Bombay Govt.'s Order

The Government of Bombay have cancelled the orders declaring the following publications to be forfeited:

Tilakanche Alpa Charitra by Mr. Laxman Ramchandra Pangarkar.

Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak va Professor Shivram Mahadev Paranjpe yanchavar san 1908 salin zalele Rajadrohache Khatale, by Messrs. Hari Raghunath Bhagwat, Shankar Gajanan Purohit Laxman Ramchandra Pangarkar, Ganesh Sadashiv Marathe and Krishnaji Narayan Kavde.

Mustafa Kamel Pasha by Mr. Ramchandra Narayan Mandalik.

Vijapurchya Adilshahicha Shevat athava Shri Shivaraya Chhatrapatichin Adbhut Karasthanen by Mr. Narayan Balvant Hardikar.

100th issue of the Gujarati Magazine entitled "Kumar"

BUILDING WORKERS GO ON STRIKE

Sequel To Arrears Of Wages

The Secretary, Building Workers' Union writes:

About 150 building workers working on a cinema building at Dockyard Road, Mazagaon struck work as their wages of two months were not paid. The Building Workers' Union is conducting the strike. On Wednesday morning Mr. K. M. Salavi, President of the Union, and others addressed the meeting of the strikers. A Strike Committee consisting of 13 workers was elected. Strikers have resolved to fight till demands accepted.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1937

TOWARDS A SETTLEMENT

The Congress Working Committee deserves to be congratulated on giving first importance to the question of minorities and adopting a comprehensive resolution thereon. It is true that the resolution only reiterates and explains the old attitude of the Congress towards this problem. But the reiteration and explanation have been rendered necessary by the gross misrepresentation of that attitude by several communalists who are either unable to appreciate it or are determined to vilify the Congress in any circumstances. The resolution embodies the Fundamental Rights of every citizen under Swaraj, irrespective of class or creed and states: "These clauses of Fundamental Rights resolution make it clear that there should be no interference in matters of conscience, religion or culture and a minority is entitled to keep its personal law without any change in this respect being imposed by a majority." The Congress cannot at this stage do anything more to re-assure minorities about safeguarding their religion and culture. The policy which Congress Provincial Governments are pursuing is in perfect accord with the Congress resolution on Fundamental Rights.

Initiate Negotiations

As regards the so-called Communal Award, the Congress continues to regard it as "anti-national, anti-democratic and a barrier to Indian freedom and development of Indian unity," though, curiously enough, the very persons who at one time swore by their "Fourteen Points" now swear by an Award which concedes a great deal less. However, the Congress rightly declines to combat the Award as it insists that its supersession "should only be brought about by the mutual agreement of the parties concerned." The Working Committee has now resolved that it "is prepared to take advantage of any opportunity to bring about such a change by mutual agreement." The Committee will, of course, not be content with passing such a resolution. It may be trusted to take early initiative in exploring all the existing opportunities for the purpose. We would again suggest that Gandhiji is the fittest person to initiate negotiations in this behalf. This is a problem in the solution of which opportunities need to be created where they do not exist.

Combat Federation

The Working Committee has also adopted a resolution on another important question, namely, the action to be taken regarding Federation. So far the resolution, which will be endorsed by the A.I.C.C., only "calls upon the people generally as well as the Provincial Governments and Ministries to prevent the imposition of Federation" and also suggests that the "Provincial Governments should move their Legislatures to give formal expression to this opposition to Federation and request the British Government not to impose it on their provinces." What precisely should be done if the British Government flout public opinion in this matter also should be carefully considered by the Working Committee after studying its Federation Committee's report. It is worth noting in this connection that in combating Federation the Congress will have the full support of the Muslim League. If only a communal settlement is arrived at at an early date, the united opposition of the country to Federation is bound to be irresistible. We fervently hope, therefore, that the Working Committee will concentrate its best efforts on implementing its resolution to bring about a "mutual agreement" with minorities. The resolution will fail in its purpose if it is not followed up with prompt and earnest efforts to give full effect to it.

Mysore And Nariman

The communique issued by the Mysore Government, when viewed in the light of Mr. Nariman's own statement, conclusively demonstrates the untenability of the official plea that whatever action was taken was necessitated by the circumstances. On the other hand, the two statements make it quite clear that most of the provocation for the deplorable incident was provided by the official bungling. In the first place, seeing that there was no untoward incident connected with the meetings addressed by Mr. Nariman previously, there was no justification at all for serving an order on him not to address a gathering of students in Bangalore. The speech itself, as can be seen from the summary of it despatched by the Associated Press correspondent, was entirely of a non-inflammable character. What, then, was the justification for an insulting ban being placed on his address? Secondly, even when they wanted to put him under arrest, the police did not effect the arrest in a quiet manner after the meeting was over in spite of the fact that he had offered to surrender himself at the police station, but did so in a most provocative manner by arresting him in the midst of the speech and in full view of the large crowd, which naturally enough highly resented such an insulting treatment of an honoured visitor to the State. There can be no doubt that the police wanted to impress the gathering with the "majesty" of the might of the Government by such a procedure.

Again, if the police had resorted to milder measures and waited till the effervescence of the students' indignation had blown off, as it was bound to do after a short while the students and the crowd would not have lost their heads and there would have been no occasion at all for firing. While we cannot too strongly condemn the violence used by the excited mob, it was the police bungling throughout which was responsible for the deplorable turn the events took after the arrest of Mr. Nariman. And, as we have already observed, the Government too provided unnecessary provocation to the people by its attempt to muzzle Mr. Nariman, whose speeches, they must have known, were not at all of a type calculated to promote disorders in the State.

However, that may be, an impartial and thorough enquiry, inspiring the confidence of the public, is called for and we trust the Mysore Government in their own interests as well as those of truth and justice will institute such an enquiry into the deplorable events. It is evident that the unreasoning hostility of the Government to the Congress movement is at the bottom of the arrest of Mr. Nariman, and the harassment of Congressmen and Congress-minded Mysoreans. Unless the Government abandons this policy, it is bound to have very harmful results for the State. The Government of Mysore must rid itself of the foolish idea that Indians living outside the State can be treated as "aliens" when they step into the State.

Our Readers Views

Candid Comments

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Addressing a gathering of University students George Bernard Shaw (G. B. S.) is reported to have said with characteristic insight "If you do not begin to be a revolutionist at the age of 20, then at 50, you will be a most impossible old fossil.....If you are a red revolutionary at the age of twenty you have some chance of being up to date when you are forty." Mr. Jinnah's presidential address at the Muslim League Conference distinctly reminds one of the truth of this acute observation

Mr. Jinnah began life as a Moderate. No wonder that he is well nigh on the "track of becoming an impossible old fossil." He is becoming an out and out reactionary. His tirade against the Congress is the 'crescendo' of denunciation. He has shown himself to be an arrant communalist. He sees in the Congress all that is opposed to the welfare of the Muslims. His organization is a heterogeneous combination broad-based on communal lines. Besides he seems to have no scruples in forming an alliance with the other reactionary groups among the Muslims of India. His politics as Jawaharlalji put it tersely and aptly "is getting curlouser and curlouser day by day."

But nobody doubts his sincerity and has patriotic fervour. He is a patriotic Mussalman, learned and cultured. One only wishes that he becomes a patriotic Indian first, and Mussalman next. He is a lawyer, and seems to hold a brief for anti-national and communal politics. He, consciously or unconsciously, displays too much of the lawyer's tendency to make hair-splitting distinctions. Sometimes his method of attack descends even to the level of legal trickery and sophistry. It seems really difficult for him to absolve himself from such tactics.

We of the younger generation see in his leadership the death of any amicable settlement of the Hindu-Muslim differences, and the establishment of friendly relations between the two great communities of India. His 'non-possumus' attitude makes it well-nigh impossible the eradication of the communal virus from the national life of India. He conveniently forgets that Hindu-Muslim unity means Indian unity, and Indian unity means Indian Independence. No one has more reason to know the fact that as long as the two communities do not settle their differences, so long our bondage is secured. One wonders why he should play into the hands of India's enemies. The best safeguard for the minority community lies in securing the good-will of the majority community. Much depends on themselves as well. One wishes that instead of indulging in vituperation and mud-slinging at one's opponent, the leaders, and pseudo-leaders will engage themselves whole-heartedly in educating their followers on healthy national lines, and not poison their mind against their neighbours.

Why should the League willy-nilly oppose the Congress, which is a non-communal organization? That seems to me the very reason why they don't see eye to eye with the Congress. One can understand if the League opposes the Maha Sabhites and such other communal organizations.

All this is bound to react on themselves. Disillusionment will not be long in overtaking them. The resolution against "Vande Mataram" seems to me to be devoid of any sense or sentiment except the sentiment of opposition to a Congress slogan or Anthem. Breathes there a sincere Mussalman who will disown his mother country, or is not ready to fight for it, on the ground that other communities also claim the same honour and ownership? Does loving the mother that has given birth, adoring her, and singing her glory amount to or savour of idolatry? Oh! ye wiseacres of the Muslim League, wither are you tending?

Thousands of national-minded Muslims, young and old, have bled suffered and sacrificed for the Congress flag, and the National Anthem. If modifications are necessary, they may be put forward in due course and time, but that is no reason why you should denounce it in its entirety. This only bears out the remark of the President himself in his address on the Prophet's day celebrations in the city about the degeneracy of the Muslims. The remark comes home quite pat to the League and other allied associations. The only silver lining in the horizon lies in the fact that the younger generation and the Muslim masses as a whole are free from being communal minded.—Yours, etc.,

ABDUL A AZAD.

Dadar, Oct. 20.

THE FIGHTER FOR GOODWILL

A Visit To Mahatma Gandhi

By HEDDY FULOP-MILLER, Vienna.

Every European who comes to India and does not confine himself within purely British circles, will soon feel the preponderous influence of one man who does not hold any official position in the country's political life, who even is not a member of the Congress, but whom, nevertheless countless millions regard as the leader of the Indian People: Mahatma Gandhi.

During my visit to Wardha I have had an occasion to witness myself a solemnity of the greatest importance for the future of India, the opening of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj's private temple for the pariahs. I could see how deeply the "untouchables" were moved by this ceremony, now joyfully they entered the temple which had been illuminated and decorated with pictures of Ramakrishna and the great Indian leaders of to-day

In Europe few people realize the enormous revolution of customs which Gandhi has effected through his campaign in favour of the untouchables. We generally do not know what untouchability means in India—we cannot imagine the real meaning of the gulf which separates the pariahs from the rest of the population. Whenever I try to explain to my European friends what the caste system means to India, I tell them that the shadow of an untouchable is supposed to spoil any nourishment upon which it falls. This generally causes great surprise.

Mahatma Gandhi's fervent fight in favour of the pariahs which has led to the opening of several temples, as a symbol of abolition of untouchability, has impressed me as one of the most important feats in modern Indian history. If Gandhi had accomplished nothing else, this sole deed would suffice to make him immortal.

Towards Segaon

When I came to India the idea of meeting Mahatma Gandhi seemed to me a marvellous but far dream which I scarcely hoped to realize. All the happier I was, when one day, quite unexpectedly, I received a very cordial invitation from the Mahatma to visit him and be his guest for some time.

At the Wardha station I was received by Mr. Desai, Gandhi's secretary, and several other gentlemen. We stepped into an automobile, decorated with the Indian national emblem, and we started towards Segaon, Gandhi's residence.

I wonder, whether ever before in history any leader of great fame and influence has lived as modestly as the Mahatma. In the middle of a territory guarded by a simple fence, there are several very simple huts and in one of these Gandhi occupies a single room.

It is perfectly unadorned, painted in white. Gandhi sits in one corner and dictates to a young girl, sitting at his side to his left. A low book-shelf contains his books and notes ready at hand—that is all the furniture the room contains.

Gandhi greeted me with a kind voice, full of inner warmth. He offered me a seat at his side then he remembered my European habits and started to search for a chair. But I preferred to sit down at his side according to the Indian custom, and he immediately started a very friendly and cordial conversation, just as if he were a kind old uncle knowing me since my childhood.

He asked me about my Indian impressions and he was particularly interested to learn about the origin of my fervent interest in India. He further spoke about the colony of Indian students in Vienna and asked me to tell him all about their life and development.

My Impressions

In the meantime I could study the Mahatma's appearance and get a good impression of him. We all know his shaved head, his strongly cut profile. But no picture shows the vivid look of his spiritual eyes, the natural attitude of his body, and, particularly the profound kindness emanating from every expression of his features, a kindness which seems instilled with profound hilarity. The Mahatma's fragile body is covered by the white khaddar, and beneath the clear clothing his brown skin is visible.

He speaks very fluently and his English is impeccable. His voice is full of temperament and has a winning quality, the fluent certainty of his speech betrays the man who is used to express his opinions in public. Without any mannerism his conversation flows on, touches serious subjects as well as amusing ones.

He mentioned his work at the organization of Indian peasant relief work, his activities in favour of home industry, which, according to his creed is the one possible way of bettering the economic situation of the Indian population.

I learnt a good deal about the big movement in favour of the spinning-wheel, a movement which we have scarcely learnt to understand in Europe, since we are not sufficiently accustomed to the Indian economic situation underlying this policy. Gandhi

(Continued on Page 9 Col. 4)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

THE FALESTINE PROBLEM

Sir Mohamed Zafrullah Khan's scheme of a Federation for Palestine, though it has a few points of merit, will, we are afraid, neither commend itself to the Arab majority nor prove a success in practice. Palestine is too small a province to be cut up into self-governing units. Further, such a scheme will appear to the Arabs as only the British plan of partition in another disguise. On the other hand, the suggestion of Iniklah, the Palestine Arab who addressed the meeting in the House of Lords, that national independence of Palestine with guaranteed rights for minorities, was the only solution of the problem, must commend itself to all reasonable minds. But, are the British Government prepared to accept the proposal? The Jews cannot have any legitimate objection to it if in the future constitution of Palestine they are assured of effective protection of their rights and interests. It is only because they have been led to hope that British bayonets will uphold their claims, however high-pitched, that they have been proving recalcitrant all this while. But once they know that they can no longer count on such nepotic treatment from the British Government, one may be quite sure that they will moderate their demands and realise the reasonableness of a proposal like that put forward by Iniklah. It is not, however, the Jewish recalcitrancy the Arabs have so much to fear, as the British opposition to the independence of Palestine. Britain wants to keep that country in her grip, not because of any love for the "down-trodden" Jews, but because of the supreme strategic value she attaches to certain portions of Palestine in her imperialistic scheme. Like the cat in the fable of the cat and the monkeys she has offered to arbitrate between the Arabs and Jews in the hope of taking a bite for herself out of the land as the price of her "onerous" labours. Of course she will not declare herself to be the owner of this fat slice of Palestine, but only a mandatory as heretofore—and in perpetuity, no doubt, as there will be neither Jews nor Arabs there any more to pester her with claims for their own autonomy.

THE KING'S VISIT TO INDIA

The non-committal reference in the King's speech at the opening of Parliament to the prospects of a visit by His Majesty to India conclusively shows that the British Cabinet is itself uncertain when the visit will materialise and even whether it will materialise at all. It is no doubt well realised in official circles both in Great Britain and in India that at this stage of the relations between the two countries a Durbar can have a value only if it synchronizes with the inauguration of the Federation. But since the entire issue of the Federation is enveloped at present in a thick dust-storm of controversy, the date as well as method and manner of inaugurating it cannot be visualised with any degree of confidence by these official circles. The Durbar, therefore, which has been vitally linked up with the Federation, has to wait for a clearing of the atmosphere in India. It is for this reason that the statement put into the mouth of His Majesty is left to remain so beautifully vague regarding his visit to this country and the Coronation Durbar. That it was deliberately meant to be vague was proved by the refusal of Sir John Simon to elucidate it further

UNSATISFACTORY AND UNREASONABLE

While the proposal of the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay to fix the minimum wage of Municipal employees in this city at rupees twenty per month may appear as a minor improvement on the present position, it can hardly be called a satisfactory or even a reasonable decision. It may be remembered that the resolution passed by the Corporation in March last recommended a minimum scale of rupees thirty, and the difference between that suggestion and the present proposal is too glaring, indeed, to be acceptable. Even rupees thirty per month would have just succeeded in meeting the barest needs of existence for a worker and his family, in a costly city like Bombay. To cut this down by one-third betrays an utter lack of appreciation of the human considerations involved in this issue

CORPORATION'S DUTY

The Commissioner's reasons for fixing the minimum wage at the lower level are that (1) the extra liability cannot be borne by the current revenue, (2) that any increase in taxation on that account would be unwelcome and (3) that if the proposal were given effect to, the staff in receipt of Rs. 30 or more would also ask for a proportionate increase. The Corporation when it discussed the subject was not wholly oblivious to the consequences of the step it was taking, and, therefore, the Commissioner need not have unduly exaggerated them, as he appears to have done in his report. He seems to think that Rs. 1,86,959 extra which the municipality will have to find to raise the minimum wage even to Rs. 20 that he has proposed is a great sacrifice of revenue or burden on municipal finances. He forgets that this sacrifice or burden, whatever you call it, is called for in the interests of no less than 7230 employees of the Municipality,—human beings with as much right to live and enjoy the amenities of a healthy civic life as any other residents of this city. When a single fat salaried municipal official's emoluments are proposed to be raised by some thousands a year, neither the Commissioner's nor the Corporators' voice is heard in protest complaining of the undue strain to which the finances of the Municipality would be subjected thereby. If the level of minimum wage cannot be raised without finding additional sources of revenue, the Corporation should overhaul the entire salary scale of its employees, from the Commissioner downwards and see if economies cannot be effected which will place at the disposal of the Municipality enough funds to render adequate justice to the claims of its employees on the lowest rungs of municipal service.

HYDERABAD BUDGET

The Hyderabad State Budget for the year 1347 Fash provides for a surplus of 37.69 lakhs for the triennium 1347-49, which is 8.84 lakhs more than for the passing triennium. The State has such vast accumulated surpluses that it can afford to tax the people less and give them a better return for their taxes in the shape of education, medical relief etc. It can also afford to introduce prohibition without any dislocation of the State finances. A note on the Budget states that the consumption of liquor has during the last seven years decreased from 7.42 to 2.70 per gallon per 100 of population. Such a rate of decrease should make prohibition easy in every way.

SARDA COMMEMORATION

The Har Bilas Sarda Commemoration volume, presented on the occasion of his completing seventy years in June 1937, is a bulky volume of over 500 pages containing numerous appreciations of the work and worth of Dewan Bahadur Sarda by his numerous friends and admirers. Notable among these are Manatma Gandhi, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. Srinivasa Sastri, Sir Abdur Rahim and many other eminent Indians. The book also contains articles on subjects of social reform, with which Mr. Sarda's name is most closely connected. The appreciations and other articles in the book, by writers belonging to various classes and creeds testify to their deep regard for one who will forever be remembered as the author of the Child Marriage Restraint Act, popularly called the Sarda Act. The volume has been well edited by Prof. P. Shechadri.

'CONSISTENCY,' THY NAME IS..

"Hindus ask you to keep faith in them, but we have no faith in anybody. We want our rights to be guaranteed as they are in Canada, Poland and Egypt . ."

"The vital issue now was the safeguarding of minority rights and the problem could not be solved by copying the solutions of other countries."

—Extracts from a speech of Mr. Jinnah as reported in "Times of India"

* * *

And here is yet another interesting illustration of Mr. Jinnah's peculiar conception of consistency.

Referring to the Communal Award, he said he was "prepared to change it for a better one" and literally in the very next breath complained that the "Hindu Mahasabha and the seven Congress provinces wanted to destroy it with a substitute."

Can you beat that?

* * *

We are not surprised, however, at such glaring instances of Mr. Jinnah's 'consistency.' In his present over-wrought state it is not fair to take him too seriously.

* * *

If you want to know how Mr. Jinnah's Muslim League is fighting the Bihor election, here is a choice bit culled from a report published in the friendly columns of the local Anglo-Indian daily.

"At last the League high command had a brain wave. They sent Ferozuddin of Lahore, as their representative. All he does is to sit sit under a tree dressed in saffron clothes and tell beads from sunrise to sunset. Being a clean-shaven Punjabi Ferozuddin has had to put on a false beard. Lots of people take him for a great saint and have become his disciples. He claims, in the course of ten days, to have won over half the village to his circle."

* * *

We have reproduced the above passage in extenso as we cannot resist the desire to share it with our readers.

And we regard the false beard of the Muslim League saint as quite symbolical!

* * *

"The occupation of Minorca by General Franco is predicted by the "Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung."' (a German paper).

—Reuter.

"Predicted" is rather delicious naivete. If wish be father to thought why not say "pre arranged"?

* * *

SHANGHAI, Oct. 27.

A Japanese 'plane machine-gunned a British outpost near Jessfield Park at 6 a.m. to-day.

The British opened fire with Lewis guns and, it is believed, that they hit the plane, which flew off.

—Reuter.

It is unnecessary to add, of course, that it was all done "in good faith" or at least that is the explanation we now expect from Premier Chamberlain.

* * *

The Democratic Swaraj Party and the Hindu Mahasabha jointly observed "Vande Matram" day in the city

The song has thus inspired yet another good deed. It has helped once again to reveal the close affinity between the Democratic Swarajists and the Hindu Mahasabhaites.

* * *

At a meeting held on this occasion Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said he did not understand how Muslim interests would suffer by honouring the Congress flag.

Perhaps in the same way as Mr. Mehta fears the interests of Democracy and Swaraj would suffer by honouring the Congress programme!

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS.

(1) Once again, and as usual, "the biggest crowds ever known for a state opening of Parliament gathered at Westminster to watch the arrival of their Majesties at the House of Lords" on Tuesday.

(2) The prominent Muslim Leaguers of U. P. and Panjab are now seriously implementing the Muslim League's policy and programme by organizing and strengthening the Zamindar parties in their respective provinces?

(3) Bhai Parmanand, heartily welcomes Mr Jinnah's latest statement that he and his colleagues are "ready to fight as equals" and would soon negotiate for a bout with Mr Churchill as Umpire.

* * *

Herbert: "Were you ever disappointed in love, old man?"

Henry: "Yes, twice. The first girl jilted me, and the second didn't."

* * *

He: "May I kiss you?"

She: "Heavens! Another amateur?"

Tennyson's Team Draw With Baroda State

NIMBALKAR SLASHES ENGLISH BOWLING

Jameson Captures 3 Wickets, But Concedes Only 14 Runs

THE SCORES:		
Lord Tennyson's XI	*1st Innings*	*399*
Baroda State XI	*1st Innings*	*177*
Lord Tennyson's XI	*2nd Innings (for 1 wkt.).*	*51*

The two-days' match,—the first engagement of their tour,—between Lord Tennyson's Team and a Baroda State XI played at Baroda on Tuesday and Wednesday ended in a draw.

BIG TASK FOR BARODA

The Baroda Team was faced with heavy total piled up by the tourists who collected 399 runs in the first day's play, and considering the reputation which accompanied Lord Tennyson's men the home opposition was feared to be poor fare

BOWLING DEFIED

In Nimbalkar, however, the visitors had a host to be reckoned with. Despite the chances he gave, Nimbalkar defied the English bowling and boldly attacked it with trenchant drives to the boundary. Of the 74 he scored, there were boundary hits galore.

NAKHUDA'S PERFORMANCE

Nakhuda was another batsman to won the cheers of the crowd for his stolid innings. In a stay of 100 minutes at the wicket, he scored only 20 and hit but one four.

DEADLY BOWLING

Though the bowling had no terrors for Nimbalkar, the tourists claimed many wickets,—as many as five,—for l. b. w. Jameson captured 3 wickets for 14 runs only. Other successful bowlers were Smith with 3 wickets for 40 runs and Langridge with 2 wickets for 45.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BARODA, Oct. 27.

A crowd of over 7,000 was present this morning to see the Baroda Team open their innings against the English tourists. The weather was again very warm.

A somewhat late start was made as the visitors were this morning taken on a sightseeing expedition.

Baroda's opening pair was Nakhuda and Yarde, the latter of whom made cricket history for Indore in 1933 when he batted for 6 hours for twenty runs against Jardine's Team. Wellard who opened the attack, made the ball kick a bit and off his sixth ball Nakhuda put up a high catch in the slips. Lord Tennyson jumped for it, but failed to hold the one-handed catch, and extremely difficult chance. After this escape Nakhuda played excellent cricket.

Yarde at the other end conceded two maiden overs to Worthington and it was only after 12 minutes that the first real stroke was made by either batsman. Nakhuda turning Wellard nicely to the leg for a single. Yarde was next snapped up behind the wicket by Gibb (3—1—0).

EXCELLENT JUDGMENT.

Nakhuda and Nimbalkar then batted with such versatility and vigour that the period they were at the crease could compare in point of interest to any corresponding period yesterday. Both defended with excellent judgment and skill, but whenever scoring chance offered, they hit the ball really hard. Nimbalkar's cuts and square-cuts were of the finest variety, while Nakhuda specialised in hooks and on drives.

SUPERB HITS.

Nimbalkar began square-cutting Worthington to the boundary and Smith relieving the Derby man, Nimbalkar hooked him powerfully for four. Jim Parks then missed Nimbalkar at first slip off Edrich who had relieved Wellard. Nimbalkar square-cut the next two balls magnificently Worthington earned cheers for fielding the first hit, but the second one reached the boundary at express speed. Jumping out to drive Smith, Nimbalkar then escaped a stumping chance and he followed this by square-cutting and driving Edrich to the boundary in superb style. Despite the slow pace of the first pair the first fifty was reached in 55 minutes, Nimbalkar being 36.

SWIFT BOWLING CHANGES.

Lord Tennyson tried no less than six bowlers in the first 55 minutes, these being Wellard, Worthington, Smith, Edrich, Parks and Langridge. None of these was able to keep Nimbalkar quiet. Hardstaff brilliantly saved two cuts from the latter batsman off Parks, but Nimbalkar jumped out and drove Langridge to the boundary—his sixth boundary hit in three quarters of an hour. Lord Tennyson saved another possible four from the same batsman, but shortly afterwards with a hit which was well stopped on the extra cover boundary, Nimbalkar reached his 50 in 50 minutes. Though undoubtedly lucky Nimbalkar had played bright and correct cricket.

Nakhuda then hooked Langridge to the boundary,—his first four in 100 minutes. Langridge was then unlucky not to get a stumping decision in his favour when Gibb appeared to have well stumped Nimbalkar. Nimbalkar replied by square-cutting the very next ball from Langridge to the boundary in between two fielders.

At lunch the total was 81 for 1, Nimbalkar (not out) 58.

PLAY AFTER LUNCH.

Tennyson quickly realised on resumption that the batsmen were playing fast bowling with ease and after keeping Wellard on for just a couple of overs, relied entirely on the slow bowlers, Smith Langridge, Parks and Jameson. The last named was the seventh bowler tried in this innings and he was instrumental in breaking up the partnership between Ghorpade and Adhikari at time when it appeared to be striking root.

Nakhuda who has been batting faultlessly since the commencement of the innings was out l-b-w soon after resumption (82—2—20). Never trying to do the heroic, the Baroda wicket keeper had by his stolid batting placed his side in a comparatively safe position.

FIRST CENTURY HOISTED.

Nimbalkar was joined by Sardar Ghorpade who soon showed that he is as good at cricket as he is at tennis. Style is not his strong point, but that does not detract from his ability to get runs when he wants to make them. With Smith bowling leg-breaks, Nimbalkar continually tested Edrich on the boundary with nicely timed hooks and wristy cuts. With two good boundary hits, first to square-leg and then through the slips, Nimbalkar sent up 100 in 122 minutes. Langridge now returned and bowled Nimbalkar with a ball which the latter attempted to play forward and missed. There were nine hits to the boundary in Nimbalkar's score of 74 (104—3—74).

L-B-W GALORE.

Yuvraj Pratapsingh hooked Smith powerfully and Edrich took an excellently judged catch on square-leg boundary.

Adhikari revealed himself as a batsman of deliberate and polished methods and his strokes are both varied and sound. He however enjoyed a life early on. He was the seventh to be out, being out l-b-w (N) to Jameson who is a most dangerous bowler for those batsmen who cover up without watching ball. Ghorpade fell victim to Jameson in exactly the same way and Pawar followed suit, a victim to Park's guile.

Prince Khanderao was the fifth l-b-w victim,—to Jameson,—and at tea Baroda had lost eight wickets for 149 runs

The last pair stood up to the googlie bowling remarkable well. Shaikh, a left-hander, was able to negotiate Smith's goolies without undue difficulty and hooked and drove to good purpose. Eventually Gupte was snapped up by Langridge at silly point and Shaikh was out l.-b.-w. to Langridge Baroda finished their innings just before 5 p.m. for 177.

During tea interval Lord Tennyson accompanied by the home Captain, Prince Pratapsingh, went to tent of the Baroda College on whose ground the match was being played and addressed a few words to the students who cheered both the Yuvraj and the English Captain vociferously.

Tourists' Second Venture

The tourists went in on their second innings with Edrich and Gibb. Edrich drove Botawala straightaway for a six and a four consecutively, but Gibb succumbed to the temptation to hit, Gupte atoning for his lapses in the first innings by holding a very hot catch at squareleg. (15—1—1). Edrich drove Shaikh for four, Ghorpade dropping a dolly catch on the boundary and ondrove next ball for a six. With the ball in his hands, Nakhuda then missed stumping Worthington when the latter was yards out of the crease. The umpire held up his finger thinking Nakhuda had knocked off the balls, but Nakhuda's flick had missed the stumps. The last few minute's were marked by some carefree hitting.

The match ended in a draw and Lord Tennyson's Team is leaving to-night for Bombay "en route" to Karachi by sea.

THE SCORES.

BARODA: 1st Innings.

Nakhuda, l.-b.-w. b Smith ...	20
Yarde, c Gibb, b Wallard	0
Nimbalkar, b Langridge	74
Ghorpade, l.-b.-w. b Jameson.	15
Yuvraj Pratapsingh, c Edrich, b Smith	1
Adhikari, l.-b.-w. (N) Jameson.	29
Pawar, l.-b.-w. b Parks	2
Khanderao, l.-b.-w. b Jameson.	1
Shaikh, l.-b.-w. b Langridge...	20
Gupte, c Langridge, b Smith ...	9
Botawalla, (not out)	0
Extras	6
Total ...	177

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Wellard	10	4	18	1
Worthington	3	2	6	0
Smith	20	5	40	3
Edrich	4	0	17	0
Parks	16	5	31	1
Langridge	14.2	2	45	2
Jameson	8	1	14	3

TENNYSON'S XI: 2nd Innings.

Edrich, (not out)	41
Gibb, c Gupte, b Botawalla...	1
Worthington, (not out)	9
Extra	0
Total (for 1 wkt.)	51

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Botawala	3	0	18	1
Khanderao	2	0	14	0
Nimbalkar	1	0	8	0
Shaikh	1	0	11	0

CESAREWITCH STAKES

Biggest Betting Race Won By "Punch:" Bookies Hit Hard

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Cesarewitch Stakes run at New Market over a distance of two miles and two furlongs resulted as follows:—

PUNCH	**1**
FET	**2**
SOLAR BEAR	**3**

Thirtyone ran. Won by one length. Two lengths separated second and third. Punch trained by Tabor.

Starting prices were as follows: 17|1 Punch; 20|1 Fet; 100|8 Solar Bear.

The winning owner, Tommy Westhead, is one of the biggest bookmakers of the country, and like the trainer of the Cambridgeshire winner, he publicly announced before the race that he fully expected to win. Punch is his first big winner. He only began owning horses recently.

Punch was a favourite in the antepost betting, until money gradually forced him back to the exclusion of others, but the first fancy was the best, although Punch's win to a degree must have been due to the changed going.

Tommy Westhead, interviewed by "Reuter", said: "I had a good win and it would have been much more, had it rained earlier. But I never lost confidence, although Grecko finished ahead of Punch recently in a gallop".

Bookmakers are said to be very hard hit by Punch's success. One "big" un" told "Reuter": "There will at least be £500,000 to be settled at Victoria Club. It is the biggest betting race I have ever known, including the Derby in 1929. It is quite impossible to estimate the amounts won over artists Prince-Punch doubles. Bookmakers generally would have preferred the victory of Faites Vos Jeux, who was not backed with 'inspired money' ".—Reuter's Special.

DEWAN OF MYSORE

With reference to the report by "A Special Correspondent" from Bangalore under the caption "Kamaladevi Challenges Mysore Police: Addresses public meeting: Dewan expresses regret" published in the "Bombay Chronicle" of the 29th September the Private Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore writes to us to say that there is absolutely no truth in the statement that the Dewan "has expressed regret" for the alleged insulting treatment given to Mrs. Kamaladevi, that nothing of the kind happened and that the statement is not only not true but positively misleading.

No Release Of Andaman Politicals

But They Will Be Brought Back To India By January Next

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

Four Ministers of the Bengal Government namely Premier A. K. Fazlul Huq, the Hon. Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarker, the Hon. Sir Nazimuddin and the Hon Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy called on Mahatma Gandhi at 5 p.m. to-day at the residence of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, where the Mahatma is staying.

It is understood there was a discussion on the subject of political prisoners from Andamans, whose release was vigorously urged by Gandhiji.

HOME MINISTER'S REPLY.

It is further understood the Home Minister, Sir Nazimuddin, explained that the Government had already accepted the policy of repatriation, but felt that in view of the conditions prevailing in the country and until the question of detenus was decided, it would be inadvisable to release all the Andamans prisoners. Repatriation, however, he expected would be complete by the middle of January. —A.P.

POLITICAL SITUATION DISCUSSED

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The Hon. Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Premier of Bengal who interviewed Mahatma Gandhi, accompanied by three other Ministers, namely, the Hon. Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, the Hon. Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy and Khwaja, Sir Nazimuddin, had about two hours' discussion with Mahatmaji in the course of which the political situation in Bengal with special reference to the problem of detenus and political prisoners is understood to have been examined at length.

The Ministers appeared very much satisfied with the trend of discussion but declined to disclose what transpired in the course of this interview.—United Press.

FAR-REACHING RESULTS EXPECTED

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The meeting of the Bengal Ministers with Mahatma Gandhi lasted over two hours except for a break of few minutes when Gandhiji had his meal and the Muslim Ministers said their prayers.

It is understood that topics relating to labour was also discussed

Mr. Huq, Sir Nazimuddin and Mr. Suhrawardy are leaving for Darjeeling to-night, but Mr. N. R. Sarkar has deferred his departure until a later date.

It is not known whether there will be another interview, but it is believed in political circles that developments of a far-reaching character may follow as a result of to-day's meeting.—A. P.

SUPPLY OF ALLEGED BAD FOOD

600 University Students Hunger Strike

LAHORE, Oct. 27.

As a protest against the bad food alleged to have been supplied to them, 600 students of the University Training Corps encamping at Shahdara about three miles from here, for the last ten days, have gone on hunger-strike since this morning.

It may be stated that the students belonging to Colleges in Lahore and Lyallpur have been encamping at Shahdara for usual annual training. The authorities pay 14 annas per diet per student to contractors who supply food.—United Press.

KATHIAWAR ECONOMIC CONFERENCE

Jamnadas Mehta To Preside

RAJKOT, Oct. 26.

The Working Committee of Kathiawar Chambers of Commerce has decided to hold a Kathiawar Economic Conference in the near future at Rajkot under Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta's presidentship.—A.P.

Sir M. Zafrullah Khan Leaves For India

LONDON Oct. 27.

Sir Mohammad Zafrullah Khan left for India from Victoria Station. He was bid farewell to by Sir Firoz Khan Noon and a group of Indians.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA CALL TO COMBAT FEDERATION

(Continued from Page 1.)

the different linguistic areas shall be protected. (4) All citizens are equal before law irrespective of religion, caste, creed or sex. (5) No disability is attached to any citizen by reason of his or her religion, caste, creed, or sex in regard to public employment, office of power or honour and in the exercise of any trade or calling. (6) All citizens have equal rights and duties in regard to wells, tanks, roads, schools and places of public resort, maintained out of state or local funds or dedicated by private persons for the use of the general public. (7) The State shall observe neutrality in regard to all religions. (8) The franchise shall be on the basis of universal adult suffrage. (9) Every citizen is free to move throughout India and stay and settle in any part of it and to acquire property and follow any trade or calling and to be treated equally with regard to legal prosecution or protection in all parts of India.)

CALL TO COMBAT FEDERATION

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The following is the full text of the Congress Working Committee's resolution on Federation:—

"In view of the announcements made on behalf of the British Government that steps will be taken to inaugurate the proposed Federation, the All-India Congress Committee reiterate their emphatic condemnation of and complete opposition to the scheme and their decision to combat it in every possible way open to them. An attempt to inaugurate this scheme despite the clearly expressed will of the Nation, will be a challenge to the people of India.

The Committee, therefore, calls upon the Provincial and Local Congress Committees and people generally as well as Provincial Governments and ministries to prevent the imposition of this Federation which will do grave injury to India and tighten the hands which hold her in subjection to imperialist domination and reaction.

The Committee are of opinion that Provincial Governments should move their legislatures to give formal expression to this opposition to Federation and to request the British Government not to impose it on their province."—United Press.

BAN ON CONGRESS BODIES IN BENGAL

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The following is the full text of the Congress Working Committee's resolution on the Midnapore Congress ban:—

"The Working Committee strongly deprecates the continuance of the ban on about 110 Congress organisations in the District of Midnapore imposed by the Government of Bengal and is of opinion that the plea put forward by Government to the effect that the Congress Committees are limbs of terrorist organisation is an altogether false one."

The resolution on the Zanzibar Indians opines that in order to give adequate help in their struggle and protect Indian interests it is essential that an embargo should be laid on the import of Zanzibar cloves into India and calls upon the people to refrain from the use of the cloves until the new decrees are rescinded by the Zanzibar Government.

The resolution regrets the position taken up by the Government of India on the resolution moved by the Congress Party in the Central Assembly in this regard and holds that the efforts made by the Government and the results attained by them are entirely inadequate to protect Indian interests.

The resolution on the Tilak Fund states that whereas all funds collected in that connection except Rs. 47,755-4-8 which was with the A.I.C.C. on November 15, 1936 have been spent for purposes for which they were intended, it is no longer necessary to head the accounts of the A.I.C.C. as All-India Tilak Swaraj Fund. Such accounts should henceforth be styled as All-India Congress Committee Accounts.—United Press.

BIHAR KISAN PROBLEM

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

Babu Rajendra Prasad who is not coming to Calcutta has, it is understood, sent some papers and literature for Pt Jawaharlal about the problems of the Kisan Sabha in Bihar, which will be placed before the Committee when the question of Kisan Sabhas demands and activities will be taken up. —United Press.

Give Palestine National Independence

Sir M. Zafrullah Khan Pleads For Calling Leaders To R.T.C.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Lord Lamington presided over a meeting in the House of Lords at which Anglo-Muslim friendship was discussed, with particular reference to Palestine

Sir Mohd Zafrullah Khan, Commerce Member to the Government of India, emphasised that Palestine might easily become an all-Muslim question

He suggested that Palestine leaders should be called at a round table outside Palestine with instructions to face up difficulties and make concrete suggestions. His own suggestion was that some form of federalisation might assure Arab domination at the centre and yet provide the Jews with requisite safeguards

Inikhleh, a Palestine Arab, said that the only solution was to give Palestine national independence, with guaranteed rights for minorities.—Reuter

TWO MORE BATTLESHIPS FOR UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, October 27.

Funds to begin the construction of two more battleships, at a cost of 12,000,000 sterling each, will be asked from the next meeting of the Congress, according to Mr. Charles Edison, Assistant Secretary of Navy.—Reuter.

ON CHINESE FRONT

(Continued from page 1.)

would be represented in the Far East Conference by himself. Mr. Malcolm MacDonald and Sir Alexander Cadogan.—Reuter

New Chinese Lines Beyond Japanese Range

The Chinese General Headquarters have issued a communique that the new lines which are 25 miles in extent are now beyond the effective range of the Japanese warships in Whangpoo River. The new positions do not isolate Shanghai from the hinterland as all the areas south of Soochow creek including Nantao and Pootung are still firmly held by the Chinese.—Reuter.

TACHANG NOT YET CAPTURED

Chiang Kai Shek Leaves Nanking To Direct Operations

SHANGHAI, Oct. 26.

While Japanese Residents in Shanghai are celebrating the Japanese capture of Tachang, neutral observers confirm that the Chinese have not withdrawn from Kiangwan in Chapei

It is reliably reported that General Chiang Kai Shek has left Nanking and arrived in Soochow to direct operations in view of the critical nature of the present situation.—Reuter

CROWN MILLS STRIKE

The Agents of Crown S. and W Mills write:—

We should like to draw your attention to a news report published in your issue of the 27th instant on page 11 wherein it is stated that 5,000 workers of the Crown Mills struck work in sympathy with their colleagues of the Hindustan Mills

The report is completely incorrect. The facts are that the workers of the weaving department of the Crown Mills abruptly struck work on Friday the 15th instant. The Managing Agents of the Crown Mill filed a complaint against the strikers in the Chief Conciliation Court. The hearing of the case took place on Monday the 18th instant and the proposals made by the Managing Agents which were accepted by the Chief Conciliator were rejected by the representatives of the strikers and the strike continues

There has been no strike at the Hindustan Mills.

TURKISH PREMIER

The following Official Communique was published in the Turkish papers on September 28 :—

The rumours published in some papers upon Ismet Inonu's asking leave have taken such a state that they will create some wrong impressions in the country and abroad. The Prime Minister has taken leave and it is decided that when the National Assembly opens Jelal Bayar, Minister of Economy, will be appointed as Prime Minister.

JAPANESE MACHINE-GUN BRITISH OUTPOST

SHANGHAI, Oct. 27.

A Japanese plane machinegunned a British outpost near Jessfield Park at 6 a. m. to-day.

The British opened fire with Lewis guns and believe to have hit the plane which flew off.—Reuter.

PROPOSAL OF TOKEN WITHDRAWAL DROPPED

LONDON, Oct. 26.

All the representatives to the Non-Intervention Sub-Committee to-day, except M. Maisky, substantially agreed to the terms of the draft resolution of October 22. M. Maisky made reservations about a paragraph referring to the grant of belligerent rights

The amended resolution will again be referred to Governments, and the Sub-Committee will meet again on Friday at 10-30 a.m., when, it is hoped, the resolution will have been approved in a final form.

The proposal of token withdrawals has been dropped. The Chairman and the Secretary of the Sub-Committee have been asked to start preparing immediately the terms of reference of the two Commissions to be sent to Spain, and the list of personnel thereof.

M. Maisky said that the Soviet held that the members of the Committee should bind themselves in advance to accept the figures of the Commissions as a basis.

Commenting on the Italian Government's official announcement that there are 40,000 Italians in Spain he said that such a move should be deprecated most resolutely. It could be interpreted only as an attempt to force the hands of the Commissions in advance. M. Maisky added that the Soviet was prepared to support unconditionally to the utmost of its ability the policy of immediate withdrawal of all foreign combatants.

He declared that the replies of Italy and Germany had hitherto always been ambiguous, and alleged that Italian reinforcement for Franco were still arriving in Spain and only a few days ago three regiments had landed at Cadiz.—Reuter.

OCCUPATION OF MINORCA THREATENED

BERLIN, Oct. 27.

The occupation of Minorca by General Franco is predicted by the "Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" which writes. "By what right can France prevent Minorca from becoming a nationalist port? Mahon is just as much a part of Spain as Gijon. Ultimately its fate will be the same as Gijon's.—Reuter.

BRISK POLLING FOR BIJNOR ELECTION

NAJIBABAD: Oct. 27.

Polling for the Bijnor-Najibabad-Garhwal Muslim Constituency by-election commenced this morning. From early hours, voters started pouring into the polling-booths and the voting is reported to be brisk.

Special purdah arrangements have been made for the women voters but very few are exercising their right to vote.

Reports from different centres indicate that the voting is very brisk.

Adequate police arrangements have been made to prevent a breach of the peace.

Mr. Thakur Hukum Singh, Collector, is visiting all centres.

Propaganda meetings continued here till after midnight.—A.P.

BROADBENT LANDS AT HESTON

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The airman Mr. Broadbent landed at Heston aerodrome at 20-10 hours.—Reuter.

Dharwar.—Mrs. Kamalamma Dasappa of the Mahila Seva Samaj, Bangalore has accepted the invitation to preside over the First Karnatak Women's Conference to be held at Dharwar on November 8.—A.P.

Two New Departments In Govt. Of India

Secretary Of State's Sanction For Creation From Nov. 8

SIR M. ZAFRULLA TO BE IN CHARGE OF LABOUR AND SIR T. STEWART OF COMMUNICATIONS

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26.

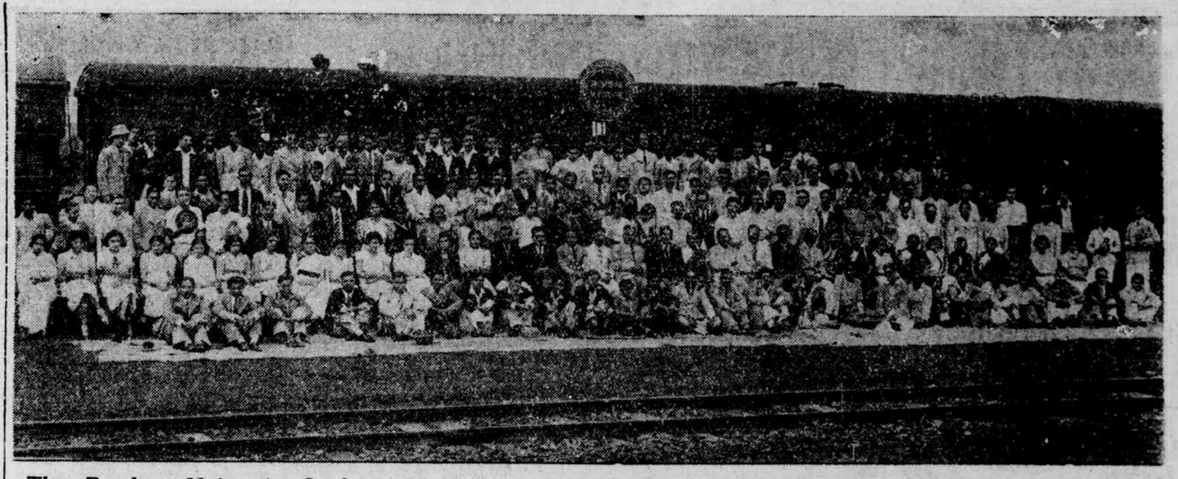
Reshuffle in the existing Central Government Departments and creation of two new ones to deal with Labour and Communications have received the Secretary of State's approval and will come into effect on November 8.

Sir Mahomed Zafrullah who arrives in India on November 7 will immediately take charge of the Departments of Commerce and Labour, while Sir Thomas Stewart will assume charge of the Department of Railways and Communications. Sir Sultan Ahmed, acting member, Railways and Commerce, leaves Delhi on November 4 arriving at Patna the following day.

THEIR FUNCTIONS

As already announced the Department of Labour will deal with all Labour questions, public works and irrigation, mines, minerals, geology, boilers electricity, explosives and petroleum, printing stationery and official publications and technical education.

The Department of Communications will deal with Posts and Telegraphs, Civil Aviation, Broadcasting, Meteorology and Roads and also take over Ports and Inland Navigation at present dealt with by the Commerce Department.



The Bombay University Students' Special from Bombay to Mysore and back was run by the G. I. P. Railway authorities with the help of the Vice-Chancellor of Bombay University. There were altogether 175 students, including lady students. The above group was taken at Mysore on Dasarah day.

MONOPOLY AGAINST INDIANS

Commerce Chambers Must Organise Against Tanganyika Ordinance

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, October 26.

Mr. C. F. Andrews interviewed by the Associated Press concerning the new Tanganyika ordinance, which proposed to establish an agency called the Native Produce Board that might be worked as a monopoly, stated that the Indian community had every right to protest against it because it was likely to place all native products under the sub-control of monopolies working under Government protection similar to that given to Clove Growers Association in Zanzibar.

The latter has already ruined Indian trade.

DANGER TO INDIANS

He has already pointed out in the Press the extreme danger which confronted the Indian population all along the coast of East Africa if these monopolies became general. For a large proportion of Indians were middlemen who had traded with Africans in native products for many generations past and were able to deal with them in ways which they could easily understand.

Mr. Andrews stated that his own experience had been that the African was not benefitted by these monopolies but rather the reverse. The Commissioner for Native Affairs with whom he had talked the matter over had expressed to him grave doubts whether these large monopolies would ever assist the African producer, who preferred simpler methods.

APPEAL TO INDIAN CHAMBERS

Indian Chambers of Commerce, Mombasa, Zanzibar and Dar-es-Salam, should work in harmony together in order to prevent this valuable native trade from passing altogether out of Indian hands. The East African Coast facing Bombay must necessarily become one of the most important avenues for trade for Western India.

When questioned further concerning recent action of the Government of India in prohibiting any more recruiting of Labour for Ceylon until two important points were conceded, Mr. Andrews said he was extremely glad to note the firm attitude on this point, which the Government of India has adopted.

Gujarati Literary Conference President

KARACHI, Oct. 26.

Mr. Jeshtaram Bhawanji, Secretary, Gujarati Literary Conference, wires:—

The report by the Associated Press that Mr. K. M. Munshi was elected President of the 13th session of the Gujarati Literary Conference, is entirely unfounded. No election is yet held. The meeting of the Reception Committee to elect the president will be held about the middle of November, after the return of Premji Cooverji and Karsandas Manek, representatives sent for propaganda in Bombay, Gujarat and Kathiawar.

2 KILLED IN VILLAGE AFFRAY

PATNA, October 26.

Official information has been received of a village clash in Patna District according to which two men in the employ of a Zemindar were killed and three injured when they went to plough land belonging to the Zemindar.

They were attacked, it is alleged, by about hundred persons. Two persons have been taken into custody and Police are enquiring into the incident.—A.P.

TEXTILE WAGES INQUIRY

Request To Public

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

The Secretary of the Textile Labour Enquiry Committee has officially requested the Bombay and the Ahmedabad millowners' Association, Textile mills not belonging to either of these associations and the textile Labour unions in the Presidency to furnish to him by November 7, Preliminary Memoranda on matters arising out of the terms of reference of the Committee.

He desires to make a similar request to all others who may be interested in the questions to be dealt with by the Committee. Any representations to be made to the committee should be accompanied by nine extra copies.

The first meeting of the Inquiry Committee will be held on November. 12.—A. P.

"WANTON INSULT TO NATIONAL FLAG"

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD: Oct. 27.

A serio-comic situation is arising in connection with the hoisting of the National Flag on the Senate Hall and the Muir College Tower of Allahabad University.

The University Union recently passed a resolution for hoisting national flags on these buildings. The Vice-Chancellor, however, informed the students in advance that, although they were free to pass the resolution, it might not be possible for the Union to implement it without the permission of the Executive Council of the University, which is the only body competent to decide the issue.

The action of the Vice-Chancellor was condemned by the mover of the resolution.

The funny part of the situation, however, is contributed by the Executive Council itself, which at an emergent meeting last evening recorded a resolution to the effect that as neither the Government nor the Legislature had decided on the form of National Flag the University could not associate itself with any flag-hoisting.

There is great agitation among the students who feel that both the Vice-Chancellor and the Executive Council have offered wanton insult to the National Flag by their curious handling of the question. It is felt it was within the competence of the Vice-Chancellor himself to accord permission for hoisting the flag as he did before, in case of the Holland Hall and the K. P. University College, but both the Vice-Chancellor and the Executive Council now tried to beat about the bush instead of squarely facing the situation.

SWAMI KALYANANANDAJI PASSES AWAY

Dedicated Whole Life To Service Of Poor

(From A Correspondent)

Swami Kalyananandaji, a disciple of the Swami Vivekananda and founder and head of the Ramakrishna Mission Branch, Kankhal, Hardwar, passed away at Mussoorie on the night of Wednesday the 20th instant.

The Swami joined the Ramakrishna Order when the Swami Vivekananda was living at Belur (Calcutta) after his first return from America and was initiated and given Sannyasa by the Great Swami. Some 38 years back Swami Vivekananda sent him and another disciple, Swami Nischayananda, to open a charitable dispensary and hospital at Hardwar to give relief to suffering humanity. "Go" said the Swami to the two disciples "and serve the poor and the down-trodden in these parts. Dedicate your life to their service and never think of Bengal." This behest of the Guru the Swamies Kalyananandaji and Nischayananda carried out literally. They dedicated their lives to the service of the motherland and never returned to Bengal.

A PEACEFUL END.

Swami Kalyananandaji was suffering for some years from diabetes. This year in summer he was seriously ill and after recovery he went for a change to Mussoorie where he passed away of diabetic coma which set in rather unexpectedly. The Swami was living a normal life till the day previous. On the last day he felt somewhat indisposed and did not take his morning walk. He abstained also from food that noon. At about 3 p.m he tried to take a little milk but without success. He felt somewhat giddy and so a doctor was called in. The doctor found that diabetic coma had set in and that the heart was sinking. He gave two injections at intervals of a few hours but without any good results. At about 10-30 p.m at night the Swami felt uneasy and so he was made to sit on an easy chair. He retained consciousness till the last. Five minutes before the catastrophe he began to gasp for breath, and repeating the name of the Lord passed away quietly at 11-10 p.m.

The body was brought the next day to Kankhal by motor bus and immersed in the Ganges in the evening with proper ceremonies. A well equipped Charitable Hospital with 66 beds and an Out-door Dispensary stands to-day at Kankhal (Hardwar as a memorial of his life long services to the poor and the suffering.

May the departed soul who had given relief to millions of pilgrims, sadhus and the poor in the holy city of Hardwar during the last 38 years of his dedicated life, find rest in his Great Guru and the Lord!

CLAIMS OF AYURVEDA

Dr. Mhaskar's Address At Kolhapur Medical Conference

KOLHAPUR, Oct. 27.

The second Maharashtra and Karnatak Medical Conference commenced this morning at the palace theatre, Kolhapur nearly 150 medical practitioners were present

The Maharaja of Kolhapur opened the conference.

Dr. Dhanawade, the durbar surgeon was the Chairman of the Reception Committee.

Dr. Mhaskar of Bombay delivered the Presidential Address. He dwelt on various topics including unemployment, studies in nutrition, physical training, child-welfare, hospital accommodation for the sick, and the claims of Ayurveda.—A. P. I.

Workingclass Family Budgets

Labour Office Inquiry Tells Miserable Tale

The second enquiry into the working class family budgets in Ahmedabad was conducted by the Labour Office between October, 1933, and January, 1935. A report based on the results of this enquiry has now been published.

METHOD OF ENQUIRY

The actual investigation was conducted by the Lady investigators of the Labour Office by house to house visits to the homes of the workers. Information was collected from every 33rd tenement in the predominantly working class localities within the Municipal limits of Ahmedabad. In all 1,310 budgets were collected out of which 1,293 were accepted for tabulation. Of the total number of budgets accepted, 1,070 or 82.75 per cent related to workers employed in the cotton mill industry.

An analysis of the budgets by religion and caste reveals that about 80 per cent. of the workers are Hindus and over 18 per cent. Muhammadans. Among the Hindus, Patidars, Thakardas, Rajputs Waghris, Vankars, Dheds, Mochis and Chamars form the majority of industrial workers.

About 24 per cent. of the workers belong to Ahmedabad City and District, nearly 25 per cent. belong to Baroda State while a little over 17 per cent. come from other places in Gujarat.

CONSTITUTION OF THE FAMILY

Of the 1,293 families covered by the present enquiry, 739 or 57.15 per cent were natural families and 554 or 42.85 per cent. were joint households. The corresponding percentages in the first enquiry were 64.04 and 35.96 respectively.

LITERACY

An analysis of the budgets according to literacy amongst the heads of working class families shows that 40.68 per cent. were literate which compares favourably with the general percentage for the whole population, which according to the 1932 municipal census of Ahmedabad was 33.43.

During the last ten years, there has been a slight increase in the size of the average working class family in Ahmedabad, which has increased from 3.86 in 1926 to 4.05 in 1933-35, consisting of 1.43 1.25 women and 1.35 children under 14. In addition, 0.32 persons are dependent on the family although they live away from it.

WORKERS AND DEPENDANTS

Out of the 4.05 persons in the family, 1.68 are earners and 2.41 dependants. Of the 1.53 earners 1.29 are males, 0.21 females and 0.02 children under 14. While the average number of persons per family increased from 3.87 in 1926 to 4.05 in 1933-34 the number of earners per family declined from 1.66 to 1.58 and the number of dependants increased from 2.21 to 2.47 during the same period. Of the total number of families considered, 704 or 54.45 per cent. contained one wage earner, 452 or 34.93 per cent. two, 115 or 8.89 per cent. three and 19 or 1.47 per cent. four wage earners. A majority of the 1,692 male earners covered by the enquiry were to be found in the age group 15 to 45 while the female wage earners were in the age groups 15 to 40. In 72 per cent. of the natural families the head of the family was the only wage earner. In 21.24 per cent. of the families both the head of the family and his wife were earners.

While, however, in the majority of natural families the head was the only earner, the situation regarding joint households was somewhat different. In only 31.11 per cent. of the joint households was the head of the family the only earner. In 31.95 per cent. of the families the head and another adult male were earners. In 7.76 per cent. of the families the head and one adult female were earners. In 7.22 per cent of the families the head and his wife were earners. In the remaining cases the earners were two or more males or females

INCOME

Over 60 per cent. of the 1,293 families fall within the income groups Rs. 30 to Rs. 60. The average monthly income of the family comes to Rs. 46-5-0 to which Rs. 40-12-11 are contributed by men, Rs. 4-0-8 by women, Rs. 0-1-9 by children and Rs. 1-5-8 by supplementary sources.

EXPENDITURE

The average monthly expenditure of a family comes to Rs. 40-11-10 which is less than the average monthly income by Rs. 5-9-2. In all the income groups except the income groups "below Rs. 20" and "Rs. 20 and below Rs. 30" the average monthly expenditure is less than the average monthly income. The following table contains a comparison of the group expenditure figures yielded by the present enquiry with those of the 1926 enquiry.

Groups	Average monthly expenditure 1926 Rs. a. p.	1933-35 Rs. a. p.
Food	22-12- 7	20- 1- 5
Fuel and Lighting	2-12- 4	2-11- 4
Clothing, Footwear, etc.	3-11- 6	3-11- 6
Bedding and household necessaries	0- 7- 4	0- 2- 5
House rent	4- 9-11	4- 7- 6
Miscellaneous	5- 0- 0	9- 9- 8
Total Monthly Expenditure	39- 5- 8	40-11-10

HOUSING

Of the 1,293 families whose budgets were collected, 986 or nearly 76 per cent. were found to be living in one-room tenements and 2.2 per cent. of these were sharing a room with other families or single men. Nearly 79 per cent. of the working class tenements in Ahmedabad belong to private landlords. The results of the enquiry also show that the average floor space available per person decreased from 47.36 square feet in 1926 to 43.94 square feet in 1933-35 for all tenements and from 38.29 to 37.97 square feet in the case of one room tenements.

INDEBTEDNESS.

Of the 1,293 families studied, 389 or 68.75 per cent. were indebted, the average indebtedness per family in debt being Rs. 322 5-7 and the average debt for all families being Rs 22-10-1. The ratio of indebtedness to monthly income for families in debt comes to 6.96 and for all families it works out to 4.79. The total amount of debt of families covered by the enquiry comes to Rs. 2,86,569 of which 51.53 per cent. was incurred for "marriage" 10.64 per cent. each for "funerals, caste dinners and anniversaries" and "sickness and unemployment" and 6.75 per cent. for "old outstanding debts." In 83.35 per cent. of the cases the security furnished was "personal." in 6.27 per cent. of the cases it was "landed property" and in 3.31 cases "ornaments". The rates of interest on loans showed considerable variations but in the majority of cases ranged from 12 to 25 per cent.

Sweepers' Strike Called Off

Full Inquiry & Redress Promised

(From Our Correspondent.)

GANDEVI, Oct. 25.

As a result of prolonged negotiations and conversations by the Harijan worker, Mr. Khanderia with the Suba of Navsari and the Naib Suba who is the ex-officio President of the Gandevi Municipality, the Bhangi sweepers and scavengers of Gandevi have been advised to call off the strike.

The Suba has promised a thorough inquiry into the grievances of the sweepers as represented by Mr. Khanderia and full redress. The Naib Suba is coming over to Gandevi for the purpose on 25th October.

Meanwhile all extra work exacted from the sweepers is ordered to be stopped and all harassment to be stopped If no redress is given to them on 25th they might reconsider to strike from 29th inst.

SONYA MARUTI SETTLEMENT

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Oct. 27.

The Government of Bombay have issued the following press note regarding the dispute over music before Sonya Maruti temple, "the Government of Bombay have learned with utmost satisfaction that a compromise has been reached by representatives of the communities concerned regarding the question of music in the neighbourhood of Sonya Maruti. The settlement reflects the greatest credit on the parties and their desire to compose their differences in a spirit of mutual accommodation and Government trusts that the example now set by Poona City will be followed throughout the presidency.

Both Government and their officers will give effect to the terms of the settlement as and when necessary."

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

REVENGE

"I left Portsmouth five hours after she sailed," Lord Winter explained. "I arrived at Boulogne three hours after her, but at Lillieres I lost all trace of her. I was going about at random, inquiring of everybody, when I saw you gentlemen gallop past. I called to you but you did not answer, and now it appears that you arrived too late in spite of all your haste."

"Yes, as you see!" said Athos, pointing to the dead body and to D'Artagnan.

At that moment D'Artagnan opened his eyes and rose. Athos went up to him, embraced him tenderly, and said in his noble and persuasive voice:—

"Friend, be a man! Women weep for the dead; men avenge them!"

"Oh, yes!" cried D'Artagnan. "If it be to avenge her I am ready to follow you this very instant."

BEFORE THE INN AT BETHUNE

Athos profited by this moment of strength which the hope of vengeance had given his unfortunate friend to make a sign to Porthos and Aramis to fetch the abbess.

"Madame," said Athos, passing his arm under that of D'Artagnan, "we abandon to your pious care the body of this unfortunate woman. She was an angel on earth before becoming an angel in heaven. Treat her as one of your sisters. We will return later to pray over her grave."

All five, followed by their servants leading the horses, then made their way slowly to the village of Bethune, where they stopped before the first inn they came to.

"But," said D'Artagnan, "shall we not pursue that infernal woman?"

"Later," replied Athos, "when I have made a few arrangements. Just leave it to me, my friend."

"But she will escape us," said D'Artagnan.

"I'll answer for her," said Athos coolly.

World of Wireless

PRIME MINISTER'S SPEECH TO BE BROADCAST

An opportunity of hearing from the head of the British Government an account of the policy—more especially the foreign policy—and proposals of the Home Government will be offered to listeners to Daventry by the broadcast of the speech by the Prime Minister, the Rt. Hon Neville Chamberlain, at the Lord Mayor's Banquet.

By tradition the Banquet—which is a private function, being a dinner given by the new Lord Mayor to the retiring Lord Mayor—has become an occasion for introducing some of His Majesty's Ministers, and is invariably attended by the Prime Minister or the Minister of highest rank available. The reply to the toast of 'His Majesty's Ministers' has come to be regarded as an opportunity for an explanation of Government policy, present and projected.

Transmission 2. November 10, 1 p.m. G.M.T.
Transmission 3. November 10, 4-20 p.m. G.M.T.

Vigour Restored, Glands Made Young In 24 Hours

It is no longer necessary to suffer from loss of vigour and manhood, weak memory and body, nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin, depression, and poor sleep, because an American Doctor has discovered a quick, easy way to end these troubles.

This discovery is in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, is absolutely harmless, does away with gland operations and is bringing new youth and vigour to thousands. It works directly on the glands and nerves, and puts new, rich blood and energy in your veins. In 24 hours you can see and feel yourself getting younger. Your eyes sparkle, you feel alive and full of youthful vigour and power.

And this amazing, new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, is guaranteed. It has been proved by thousands in America and is now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the empty package and get your money back. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you.

Prevent the infection caused by Dust-storms

VAPEX INHALANT

Sore throat and catarrh, due to the irritating effect of dust, are effectively countered by Vapex. Simply put a drop of Vapex on your handkerchief and breathe the pleasant germicidal vapour. It gives instant relief and protection.

And use Vapex whenever you have a cold. It clears the head, relieves stuffiness, destroys the germs—and soon your cold is gone.

Of all Chemists
MADE IN ENGLAND BY
THOMAS KERFOOT & CO. LTD.
and sold throughout the world
V162

Are you an outsize? Are you embarrassed by a double chin, an overfull bust, the absence of a waist line and bulges of superfluous adipose? The doctor will tell you that fat has a bad effect on the heart and the system in general. Hundreds of women suffered like you. But thanks to Redusa,* the pill that dissolves 14 lbs. of unwanted fat in a fortnight, these women have regained the graceful lines and charm of girlhood. Redusa* remedies faulty gland function, leaving it leaves no undesirable after-effects. And it is sold in the form of tasteless tablets. A bottle costs Rs. 7/8/-. Inquire at the chemist's.

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Agents:—CHIMANLAL CHUNILAL & CO.,
Mangaldas Rd., Bombay 2.

LISTENERS' PANEL

2,000 To Keep Log Of Variety Programmes

Over 47,000 listeners have volunteered to serve on a panel that is being formed by the BBC to provide evidence whereby the size and nature of audiences of light-entertainment broadcasts may be gauged. The offers to co-operate in the scheme were received within three or four days of the broadcasting of an invitation by John Watt, the BBC's Director of Variety, during a Music-Hall programme.

Postcards and letters arrived at Broadcasting House from every part of the United Kingdom. Although membership of the panel will necessarily be confined to listeners in the United Kingdom, many people in Europe—notably in Sicily and Denmark—also responded to the BBC's invitation.

Volunteers were asked to give not only their names and addresses, but their ages and occupations—their ages (which were supplied by over 95 per cent. of those who responded) being required in order that a guide to the average age of the audience of any given programme may be available. The friendly tone of the replies—which were representative of all sections of society, from unemployed workers to people of independent means—much impressed the Director of Variety: many of them began 'Dear John,' and ended 'Good luck!'

As a result of this overwhelming response, the BBC has decided to enrol 2000 listeners on the panel, instead of 1,000 as was originally intended. They will be chosen at random, every twenty-third of the offer of Co-operation being accepted.

Each listener on the panel will be supplied with a form giving details of light entertainments to be broadcast during the ensuing twelve weeks, and will be asked to answer briefly three questions in respect of each broadcast:—

How much of this programme did you hear?

Did you start listening after this programme had begun?

Did you stop listening before this programme had finished?

WHEN YOU WRITE TO THE BBC

A drawing of Broadcasting House with the word "London" written below it was how one listener to Daventry addressed a letter intended for the BBC. In this instance, the letter reached its destination safely, but listeners who are anxious that their communications should arrive swiftly and surely are advised to use the conventional method of addressing their envelopes. Envelopes bearing obscure or puzzling superscriptions are liable to be returned to the sender by the Post Office marked "insufficiently addressed".

Many correspondents address their letters to "GSA (or other call-sign), Daventry, England"—Daventry however, is the site of the transmitting station only, all correspondence being dealt with at Broadcasting House, London. Letters addressed to Daventry may ultimately reach their proper destination, but considerable delay in delivery is likely to occur.

The BBC receives many letters from oversea listeners addressed to "The Programme Speaker" or "The Announcer", the senders apparently being under the impression that only one announcer is heard in the programmes from Daventry. Actually six announcers are employed in the Empire Service, and it is frequently impossible, therefore, to identify one as the intended recipient. The correct address for all letters to the BBC is Broadcasting House, London, W. 1.

A machine is used to open the mail at Broadcasting House, and it is advisable, therefore, to put the folded letter into its envelope with the cut ends upwards, otherwise the blade of the opening-machine may catch the fold and slit it at the same time as the envelope. Postal orders, money orders and cheques should be pinned in front of the letter, so that they may instantly be seen. In Great Britain it is illegal to send a coin in an envelope, except by Registered post, but apart from that, a coin might become involved in the mechanism of the opening-machine and put it out of action. Enclosures of a documentary nature are less likely to go astray if the sheets are so folded that they can be opened together.

An illegible signature often obscures the identity of the writer—a risk that is avoided if the name is typed out or printed in block capitals below the usual signature.

BBC SPEAKER VISITS LISTENERS

Asks For Their Views On Contemporary Design

Visits to listeners in their homes were paid in the course of a six weeks' tour of Great Britain recently undertaken by Anthony Bertram at the request of the BBC. The object of the tour—which extended as far north as Alloa, Scotland, and westwards into the distressed areas of Wales—was to discover, for the purposes of a contemplated series of broadcast talks, what people thought of the design of everyday things; their houses, furniture, domestic equipment, and the like.

Housewives; owners and tenants of small dwelling-houses; salesmen, buyers, and directors of big stores; local government officials; builders; and experts in the design and manufacture of articles in everyday use were interviewed. The preliminary announcement of the tour brought over 350 letters from listeners in all parts of the country, inviting Mr. Bertram to visit the writers to hear their opinions at first hand.

"Purpose before appearance" Mr. Bertram discovered, was a general demand, especially in relation to houses. One man, the owner of a £500 house, considered that the money devoted to ornamental fireplaces would have been better spent on an improved quality of wood in the window-frames. Another, discussing his car, summed up a general opinion in the phrase "more space, less swank". At the same time, it was found that modern design was expected in modern products such as motor-cars, wireless sets, and refrigerators, but that people were satisfied with conventional design in articles with a longer history. People had least interest of all, Mr. Bertram found, in the design of the places where they work.

Many constructive suggestions were made, among them being the Elimination of corners from houses; Provision of sliding doors in small flats; Bevelling of the inside angles of saucepans, and Manufacture of square saucepans.

Interesting variations in national taste were discovered during the tour. Dark furniture, for example, is preferred in the North of England and light in the South; expensive and elaborate tea-services are in great demand in Glasgow (probably as a result of the local custom among bridesmaids of presenting the bride with a tea-service); and kitchen cabinets, electric washers, vacuum cleaners etc., are bought more frequently by housewives of the £3-a-week class than by the well-to-do.

Mrs. OLGA COLLETT TO DESCRIBE GUILDHALL PAGEANTRY

It is hoped that a description by Mrs. Olga Collett of the striking spectacle of pageantry and fashion provided by the Lord Mayor's Banquet will set the scene for the broadcast of the Prime Minister's speech. Arrangements are being made for the description to be given at 7-20 p.m. G.M.T., by which time the formal Procession from the Library (where the reception is held) will have taken place. Grace will have been said by the Lord Mayor's Chaplain, and the guests will be seated at table in the Great Hall.

Mrs Collett made her first broadcast as a commentator in June of this year, when her description of the fashionable scene at Ascot supplemented the commentary on the race for the Gold Cup. She had previously been heard by Home listeners in a contribution to a series of talks, 'Other Women's Lives'. A daughter-in-law of an ex-Lord Mayor of London, Sir Charles Collett, Mrs Collett is the supervisor of a large British combine's staff of some 650 women, and has thus made close contact with the lives and interests of women of all types. (Approx. 180 words.)

TELEVISING ARMISTICE-DAY CEREMONY

For the first time the annual Armistice-day Service at the Cenotaph in Whitehall, London, is to be televised by the BBC. Transmission, it is hoped, will begin at 10-30 a.m. G.M.T. to enable viewers to see the waiting crowds and to watch the assembly of troops and the arrival of his Majesty the King and of members of the Cabinet.

Three cameras will be used, two of which will give scenes near the Cenotaph. The third camera will give comprehensive views of Whitehall, and, if lighting permits, a distant view of Big Ben. (Approx. 95 words.)

Where Every Man Carries Radio

The extent to which radio has been pressed into service, east and west, by the war-makers, is not always apparent from our newspapers. In Shanghai and in Spain the actual fighting, flying, spotting and bombing are all largely radio directed—perfect examples of Man's misuse of science.

Rumania is now reported to be carrying the matter to its logical conclusion: she is going to equip everyman in her army with a portable radio set.

From the militarist point of view this may be an admirable move. From the home-loving citizen's point of view it is a damnable inversion of a great invention. Radio may be convertible into a powerful weapon, but rightly used it would be a greater force for peace.

THE FIGHTER FOR GOODWILL

(Continued from Page 6)

also showed me some fine specimens of hand-made paper, which he himself uses exclusively for his correspondence and manuscripts.

Mirabehn

An hour had passed in a most fascinating conversation. I finally left the Mahatma to his numerous tasks and made the acquaintance of Miss Slade, who undoubtedly is one of the most interesting personalities among Gandhi's disciples. I met Miss Slade when she was just instructing several peasant boys how to use the spinning wheel, and she told me many most interesting particulars concerning the organization of Gandhi's "All-India Spinners' Association."

From her I further learnt the remarkable story of her own way towards the Mahatma. Being the daughter of a British Admiral, Miss Slade, had, quite by chance, come across some of Gandhi's books. "Immediately I felt an ardent desire to live near this man", she said, "When Gandhi came to Switzerland I went to him and told him about my intentions. But he sent me back home, telling me I should first live in my usual environments, but according to his principles. Only when I had passed this stage of inner examination, I should come and join him."

When I asked her about her family's reaction to her mode of life, she said: "I don't know. I have completely lost contact with my former surroundings. I feel as if I were newly born. Nothing exists of my former life. I am perfectly happy and content."

This really means quite a lot, if one realizes how primitive a life Miss Slade leads at Segaon. Her hair is cut short, her way of dressing is the same as that of any Indian peasant woman. Her feet are hard like leather, since she never wears shoes, and like Gandhi himself and his close followers, she sleeps in the open air and on the bare ground throughout the entire year. How extraordinary the spiritual forces emanating from Gandhi must be, in order to let such a life appear satisfactory to a woman of the best English classes!

Purity Above All

In all my conversation with Gandhi and his disciples, I gained the impression that the central point of the Mahatma's philosophy is purity, mental and physical. All his preachings tend towards establishing the definite victory of purity over the passions and desires of our lower existence.

According to Gandhi's idea, man distinguishes himself from best by his ability to control instincts through reason. This control should be obtained in every sphere of life, and the better one is able to control passion, the more can one be useful to the community. Marriage is one of the most important means of obtaining control over sensual impulses. Therefore, adultery is a very grave deviation from the foundations of Ethics. Likewise, Gandhi disapproves of birth control by artificial means, for he is of the opinion that no one may seek sensual pleasure without putting up with its natural consequences.

One of Gandhi's friends told me that once the Mahatma spoke about an ideal form of Government which should abolish all kinds of punishments. Such an order appeared possible to him, but even such a state would be forced to punish adultery, he said.

I would have willingly stayed for many weeks and months with Gandhi and his friends, and I even had the impression that he himself did not want to let me go. But I had already taken an appointment with Sri Aurobindo Ghose, at Pondicherry, for a particular date, and thus, I had to take leave. Gandhi said, farewell to me in the most cordial manner and told me that I should come back, as soon and whenever I could.

I left India's great leader with the feeling of having gained unforgettable impressions. Only now I wholly understand those Europeans and Americans who have, more than once, spoken about the Mahatma in terms of extreme devotion, comparing him to the greatest prophets of all times, even to Christ himself.

BIG WORLD-WIDE SURPRISE PARTY

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

Gold Firm And Wheat Steady But Base Metals Quiet

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

On Wednesday crossrates ruled quiet

N. Y. COTTON QUIET.

New York cotton was quiet in the absence of any fresh developments.

GOLD FIRM.

London gold was firm but silver was unchanged.

WHEAT STEADY.

Wheat was steady. Base meta'ls were quiet.

SECURITIES STEADY

The London Stock Exchange exhibited brighter sentiment following better political situation but business was restricted. Giltedged securities kept steady with not much doing.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1937

New York, Oct. 27.

Previous closing	8.13
To-day's opening	8.11
Difference	—.02
To-day's closing	8.13
Difference	unchanged

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1938

Liverpool, Oct. 27.

Previous closing	4.68
To-day's opening	4.64
Difference	—.04
To-day's closing	4.66
Difference	—.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May Rs. 160-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct. 27.

Cotton was devoid of any particular activity in the absence of any fresh developments but the undertone appeared to be very steady with little or nothing doing.

Trading in December commenced at 8.11 i.e. 2 points lower than previous closing. Prices eased on lower Liverpool cables and scattered selling and some hedging but later the market rallied on local commission house buying with the undertone generally steady.

New York cotton finally closed unchanged at 8.13

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 27.

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (8.20/8.19) 8.11/8.11
January (8.15/8.15) 8.08/8.08
March (8.13/8.13) 8.07/8.06

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct. 27.

American October (4.57) 4.56
American December (4.66) 4 63
Sakels November (5.90) 5.79
Sakels January (6.49) 6.33

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 27.

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 161-8 and Rs. 160-8 The closing rate at 10 p.m. was Rs. 160-8

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct. 27.

The rates at 2-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4) 1-4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-1) 2-1

JUTE

New Crop October November (£21 3/8 sellers) £21 9/16 paid and sellers.
Dunlop October (£23 sellers) £23 sellers.
Lightning October (£22) £22 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (7 1/2 sellers) 7 5/16 value.
Forward January March (7 11/16 paid and value) 7 7/16 paid and value.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay November October (£14 1/2 sellers) £14 1/2 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta October November (£15 3/8 sellers) £15 3/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata October (£13 5/8 sellers) £13 11/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal November (£12 3/4 sellers) £12 3/4 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct. 27.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with December at 105 and March 99 1/2. Trading was fairly active on scattered buying influenced by unfavourable crop reports from Argentine and rumours of larger sales of Australian to millers. Later some reaction followed but eventually the market took turn for better.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 27.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.98 1/2 Prices advanced on scattered local and commission house buying influenced by unfavourable crop advices and Argentine cables.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association)

Bombay, Oct. 27.

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 3 9
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 3 6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 3 9
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	8 4 0

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

New York, Oct. 27.

Previous closing	4.95 1/8
To-day's opening	4.95 5/16
To-day's closing	4.95 3/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct. 27.

Previous closing	4.95.12
To-day's opening	4.95.07
To-day's closing	4.95.25

FRANC RATE

London, Oct. 27.

Previous closing	148.50
To-day's opening	148.12
To-day's closing	147.87

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 27.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.95.06 and then improved to 4.95.17 subsequently gathering further strength on good support to 4.95.30.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.95.25

Franc opened at 148.62 and then eased slightly to 148.71 on scattered pressure.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 147.87.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (11.183) 11.174
New York on Bombay (37.42) 37.41
Berlin on Bombay (0.93) 0.93
London on Milan (94.07) 94.15
London on Shanghai (1-2 7/32) 1-2 7/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£208 1/2 buyers £208 3/8 sellers. Quiet) £206 buyers £206 1/2 sellers. Easy.
Lead (£18 1/16 buyers £18 1/8 sellers. Steady) £17 13/16 buyers £17 7/8 sellers. Easy.
Electrolytic Copper (£49 to £50) £47 1/2 to £49
Glasgow Iron sh. (107-0) 107-0

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Oct. 27.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"Market quiet and featureless."

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct. 27.

Spot	(19 15/16d.) 19 15/16d.
Forward	(19 7/8d.) 19 7/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 27.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-7) £7-0-8

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Oct. 27.

Silver ready	53 12 0
Silver 1st settlement Kartak	50 13 0
Silver 2nd settlement Magsar	50 15 0
Gold ready	34 12 3
Gold 1st settlement Kartak	34 12 3
Gold 2nd settlement Magsar	34 12 0
Sovereign	22 3 6

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, Oct. 27.

Liverpool wheat October closed at 108 3/4 as against the previous closing at 107 1/8

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 27.

Wheat January	5 6 0
Wheat May	5 3 0
Linseed	6 8 0

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 27.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 98-11-0 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 98-7-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	98 9 0
Highest	98 12 0
Lowest	98 7 0
Closing	98 7 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct. 27.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling closed at £92 1/2 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct. 27. 2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
3 per cent Indian (£92 1/2) £92 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£111 1/4) £111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1955-58 (£115 1/2) £115 1/4
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 1/4) £108 1/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1854-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 1/4) £108 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 1/4) £74 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£100 1/2) £100 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100 3/4) £106 7/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 1/2) £110 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£100 1/8 Ex Div) £100 1/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 1/2) £109 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 27. 2-30 p.m.

There was cheerful disposition owing to the better political situation but business was restricted. Internationals fluctuated narrowly. Oil shares were firm.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (106-3) 102-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (61-3) 60-10 1/2
Hydro Electric (£5) £5 1/8
Musical Industries (18-0) 18-6
Princhin Johnson (40-10 1/2) 40-10 1/2
Imperial Chemical (36-3) 36-3
Wools orth Ordinary (69-0) 70-0
Realisation 1930 (£83 1/2) £84
Dunlop Rubber (33-9) 33-9
Unilever Ordinary (37-1 1/2) 37-1 1/2
Ford Motors (24-7 1/2) 24-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£67) £66 3/4
British American Tobacco (103-1 1/2) 103-1 1/2
Carreas A (£8 1/2) £8 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (150-0) 151-3
P and O S N Company Deferred (25-6) 25-0
Distillers (107-6) 107-10 1/2
Bredfords Dyers (£6 1/4) £6 1/4
British Celanese (£5 1/4) £5 1/4
J and P Coates Ordinary (43-10 1/2) 43-10 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (49-0) 49-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (7-3) 7-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (27-9) 27-9
Inter Nickels (£46 3/4) £46 3/4
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (70-0) 70-0
Tata Steel Preference (£105 1/2) £105

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-9) 20-6
Donaro Teas (47-0) 47-0
Empire of India (34-4 1/2) 34-4 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (31-6) 31-6
Gula Kelampong (28-9) 28-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (30-3) 30-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (48-9) 48-9
Burma Corporation (15-3) 15-3
Rio Tintos (£16 1/4) £16 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (56-10 1/2) 56-3
Rand Mines (£7 7/8) £7 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14) £14
Association Portland Cement (88-9) 88-9
Trinidad Leaseholds (105-0) 107-6
Sub Nigel (£10 1/8) £10 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (31-3) 30-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£8) £8 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (43-1 1/2) 43-1 1/2
Anglo Iranian (82-6) 85-0
Burma Oil (118-1 1/2) 120-7 1/2
Mosul Eagle (12-10 1/2) 12-10 1/2
Shell Transport (98-9) 100-0
Royal Dutch (£39 5/8) £39 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£63 1/4) £63 1/4
L and S Ordinary (£31 1/4) £31 1/4
L N E R Deferred (£4 5/8) £4 5/8
Southern Dutch (£20 1/4) £20 1/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£124 1/4) £124 1/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£78 3/4) £78 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct. 27.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:

General Motor (dol 41 3/4) dol 40 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 30 3/8) dol 29 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 58 1/2) dol 58
U S Steel Preference (dol 114) dol 114 1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE BETTER

Demand For Far Eastern Loans

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 27.

On the Stock Exchange, the improvement of international political outlook helped to maintain yesterday's better undertone but the business was negligible, apart from a sustained investment support of Giltedged securities and a few high class industrials together with a further demand for Far Eastern Loans which was a feature of the strength.

Wall Street opened steady but was later irregular.

JUTE SHARES UNCHANGED

Coals Easier But Teas Firm

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

In jutes the prices ruled at about yesterdays levels but transactions were much restricted. Coals ruled generally easier. In teas the undertone continued firm and moderated turnover took place. In miscellaneous section Indian irons and Burmas were a turn better while others remained more or less unaltered. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—Three and a half per cent Government paper 98/9, three per cent loan 1941 103/11, four per cent loan 1960/70 113/8 small lot, five per cent loan 1938/40 103/2 small lot.

Banks:—Reserve Bank 125, Central Bank 31 small lot

Cottons:—New Victoria ord. 1/8, New Victoria pref 5/2, Bengal Nagpur 16/4.

Coals:—Amalgamated 28/14, Bengal 380, Bhalgora 6/6, Bokaro and Ramgur 20/12, Burrakur 18/8, Deoli 9/2, East Indian 29, Equitable 42/14, Ghusickand Muslia 5/3, Huriladih 19/1, Kalapahari 17/3, Mundalpore 11/6, New Beerbhoom 2⁴, North Damuda 8/8, Raneegunge 39/4, Satpukuria and Asansol 1/11, South Karanpura 8/5, Union 25, West Jamuria 32/10, Borrea 17/4, Bansra 6, Kuardi 2/5, Pench Valley 41/14, Sendra 14/14.

Jute:—Agarpara 19/8, Anglo-India 338 small lot, Clive 24, Howrah 52, Kamarhatty 507, National 21/15, Nuddea 45/4, Presidency 4/2, Ft. Gloster 475, Howrah Preference 150, Hukumchand 9/14 small lot, do. pref 106/12, Northbrook 39/6, Rameswar 9/4, Soorah pref 100.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 10/4, Consolidated tin 8, Indian copper 3, Rhodesian copper 2/6, Tavoy tin 2/6, Dalmia cement defd 3/4, Bengal 20/12 ex div, Burn and Co. ord. 12/14, Hukumchand steel 3/10, Hukumchand steel def 48, Indian iron and steel rights 2/14, Kumardhubi Engineering pref 7/15, Steel corporation ord. 87, Steel corporation pref 4/6, B. I. corporation ord 152, B. I. corporation pref 18/8 small lot, Indian wood products 5/10, British Burma petroleum 6/14, British Ceylon corporation 121 small lot, Benares electric 15/8, Cuttack electric 10/8, small lot, British India electric cons 7, Britannia Engineering 1/3, Indian Standard Wagon ord 51, Indian Maleable Casting ord. 7/12, National iron and steel 8/2, Seran Engineering 8/2, Hooghly flour 10/8, Benares Coke 19/3, Dunlop rubber second pref 100 small lo, James right 2/2, Calcutta safe deposit annas 12 disc, Spences Hotel 3/8, Moola Oil 1/10, Bairampore 12, Dyer Meakin Brewery 41 small lot, Ryam 19/12. Champaran 16/6 small odd lot.

Teas: -Bishnauth 29/6.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan ord. 16 small odd lot, Mayurbhanj 72.

Debentures:—Three and a quarter per cent Rangoon Municipal 97/4, five per cent 1920/24/45 Sijua Jherriah power 101/8, five and a half per cent 1915/42 Chowringhee property 102/8.—A.P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

(From our Correspondent.)

Karachi, Oct. 27.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton January	16 2 0
Punjab January	13 11 0
Desi American January	17 7 0
Tone: quiet.	
Wheat October	29 11 3
Wheat November	29 13 3
Wheat December	30 3 3
Wheat July	28 0 0
Tone: firm.	
Gram October	22 4 0
Gram November	22 12 0
Gram December	23 2 6
Gram July	22 5 0
Toria November	40 5 6
Toria December	40 5 0
Toria February	38 0 9
Cottonseed January	15 12 0

Rice Crop Forecast

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

Following is the summary of the All-India first rice forecast for 1937/38:—

Area under cultivation in the whole of India excluding Burma 6,48,46,000 acres for 1937/38 compared with 6,51,25,000 for the corresponding (revised) acres for 1936/37, a decrease of 0.4 per cent. The condition of crop on the whole is good.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of October 27, 1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.041 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.3 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.3 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 88.4 degrees 0.6 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.3 degrees 1.8 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 82 p.c.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED OCT. 27.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.6 deg F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.17 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.96 inches.

For correction of ships instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 22nd day of October 1937.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES—

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	30,85,33,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	179,11,41,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	4,01,78,000
Total Notes issued	213,98,52,000
Total Liabilities	213,98,52,000

ASSETS—

	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in Inda	41,54,53,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	80,30,70,000
Total of A.	124,72,21,000
F. Rupee Coin	61,87,52,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities	27,38,79,000
Internal Bills of Exchange & other commercial Paper	Nil
Total Assets	213,98,52,000
Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 58.28. per cent	

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on 22nd October 1937.

LIABILITIES—

	Rs.
Capital paid	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits—	
(a) Government*	11,33,10,000
(b) Banks	25,67,70,000
(c) Others	52,33,000
Bills payable	5,24,000
Other Liabilities	1,17,63,000
Rupees	48,76,00,000

ASSETS.—

Notes:—

	Rs.
(a) Legal Tender in India	30,84,41,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	92,000
Rupee Coin	6,34,000
Subsidiary Coin	4,04,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	Nil
(b) External	Nil
(c) Govt. of India Treasury Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	10,28,33,000
Loans & Advances to the Govt.	Nil
Other Loans & Advances	1,00,000
Investments	6,56,04,000
Other Assets	94,95,000
Rupees	48,76,00,000

Includes £.19,000 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

PROSPECTS OF COTTON PRICES

Messrs. Bruel and Co. in their report state:—

"When an acreage of more than 28 million acres and a yield of no more than 200 lbs. is assured, it will be time enough to consider the reaction on prices; for the present we prefer to rely on present facts and figures, and we cannot see that these permit anything more than temporary upturns.

With regard to the local position, we have noticed references in the Press recently to the possibility of the yen being further devalued; any such development would mean the end of the textile trade boom in this country, without holding very much promise of larger takings of our Cotton by the Japanese Mill industry We still hold that there exists neither rhyme nor reason for Indian cotton prices to stage an advance at this stage."

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Oct 26

	Dollars.
Amr Gas and Electric	22
Ame Forn Power Gold D 5 per cent	64
Ame Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	26
Electric Power and Light	9
Eletcric Bond Common	9 1/2
Electric Bond 5 per cent Pfd	54
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	25
American Tel and Tel	151 1/4
Western Union Telg	32
Chesapeake and Ohio Railway	39
Erie Railway	9
New York Central Railway	19 1/2
Pennsylvania Railway	24
Allis Chalmers	45
Firestone Rubber	23
Public Service of Illinois	74
Bethelehem Steel	47
Ludlum Steel	19
National Steel	64
Republic Steel	18 1/2
United S Steel	58
Amr Car Foundry	21
Amr Rolling Mills	25
Youngstown Sheet	42
Anaconda Copper Mining	29 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	45 1/4
Chrysler Motors	69
General Motors	40 1/4
General Electric	41
Union Carbide	79 1/4
Socony Oil	15 3/4
St Oil of N J Oil	50
National Dairy	15
Chase Bank	33
National City Bank	21
Sun Life of Canada	440
Douglas Aircraft	32
Int Tel and Tel 1939	81 5/8

U. S. Steel Corporation has declared a dividend of dol 1; ex dividend on 18th November. St. Oil of N. J. has declared a dividend of 50 cents; and extra dividend of 75 cents ex dividend on 12th November. . Public Service of Illinois has declared a dividend of 80 cents. Republic Steel 3rd quarter earnings 45 cents; months dol 1.28. Allis Chalmers 3rd quarter earnings dol 1.49. U. S. Steel Corp 3rd quarter earnings dol 2.79, 9 months dol 8.78. On market advancing there was renewed short selling; immediate outlook uncertain. Turnover 2 million shares.

A. I. Til Forecast

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The following is a summary of the All-India second Sesamum (Til or Jinjili) forecast for 1937-38:—Sesamum—27,66,000 acres in 1937-38 compared with 25,44,000 acres revised estimate of 1936-37 (corresponding) an increase of nine per cent. the condition of the crop is on the whole fairly good.—A.P.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

N. Y. K. s.s. Tango Maru of 4238 reg. tons Capt. S. Otobe arrived from Yokohama via Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Moji, Sakito, Honkong, Singapore, Penang and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

K. Nixon s.s. City of Benares of 9665 reg. tons Capt. A. Lee arrived from Birkenhead via Marseilles, Port Said and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

Standard Vaccuum Oil Coy.'s oil tanker s.s. Lacklan of 5223 reg. tons Capt. A. R. Health arrived from Abadan with cargo of Benzoine.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 27-10-37:—

S.S. Rajputana (M.M.) for China, Japan Ports via Colombo.

S.S. Toyama Maru (N.Y.K.) for China Japan Ports via Colombo and Singapore.

DEPARTURES

Caltex (India) Ltd., oil tanker s.s Attila of 4729 reg. tons Capt. C. Danielson sailed for Bahrein in water ballast.

Scindia Steam s.s. Jalapadma of 2326 rek. tons, Capt. J. P. Bhandara sailed for Rangoon via Tuticorin and Colombo with local cargo

B. I. S. N. s.s. Bandra of 1893 reg. tons Capt. T. J. Murphy sailed for Basra via Veraval, Kathiawar coast ports, Karachi and Persian Gulf with passengers and local cargo.

Burmah Shell Oil S. & D. Coy.'s oil tanker s.s. Egero of 4525 reg. tons Capt. T. M. Andersen, sailed for Abadan in water ballast.

B. I. S. N. s.s. Kenya of 4646 reg. tons Capt. J. H. Longhurst, sailed for Durban via Marmagoa and East and South African Ports with passengers and local cargo.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

Alexandra Dock

BOMBAY, October 26.

1 Kenya, 4646 Durban 27-10-37. M.M.
2 Warfield, 3705, U. Kingdom 28-10-37 M M.
3 City of Benares, 6720 Karachi 5-11-37 K. Nixon.
4 Potter 3833 Colombo 27-10-37. L. Edwards.
5 Falkenfels 3852 Antwerp 30-10-37. L. Edwards.
6 Jeypore 3209 Japan 30-10-37 M.M.
7 Tango Maru 4238 N.F. N. Y. K.
8 Manela 5041 London 2-11-37. M. M. & Co.
12. Kidderpore 3263 Karachi N. F. M. M.
14 California. 9930 Liverpool, 28-10-37 Anchor Line.
15 Gurdenia 2316 Hull N.F. Graham's Trading.
16 Viceroy of India 1037 London 30-10-37 M. M.
17 British Glory 4159 Abadan 28-10-37 Anglo I. O. C.

Victoria Dock

2 Taijin Maru 3642 Karachi 29-10-37 O. S. K.
4 Varela 1926 Busra 28-10-37 M. M.
6 Santagata 2742 Port Said 1-11-37. L. Dreyfus.
10—11 Chyebassa 4022 Calcutta 3-11-37 M.M.

Prince's Dock

F. Alavi, 2161, Jeddah, 2-11-37, T. Morrison.
A. Victoria Marie 882 M. Coast 27-10 Merchant S. N.

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Strathaird 18-11-37 P. & O.
Durenda 26-10-37 P & O S N
Narkunda 4-11-37 P and O
Ranpura 11-11-37 P and O
Strathnaver 7-11-37 P. & O. S. N.
Rajputana 28-10-37 P. and O.

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Benares 28-10-37 K. Nixon.

FROM SYDNEY

Mongolia, 6-11-37. P and O. S. N.

FROM OSLO

Simla 27-10-37 L Edwards

FROM GENOA

Victoria 30-11-37 L. Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Tango Maru 30-10-37 N Y Kaisha
Italy Maru, 27-10-37, O. S. Kaisha.
Celebes Maru 8-11-37, O. S. Kaisha.
Victoria. 3-11-37. L. T.

FROM HAMBURG

Aagtekerk 28-10-37. L. Edwards.

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Hayes, 30-10-37, F. F. Campbell.
New Orleans 8-11-37. L Edwards.

FROM BASRA

Varela, 23-10-37. M. M.

FROM DURBAN.

Tairea 30-10-37 M M
Karanja. 13-11-37. M. M.

FROM CALCUTTA

Nawab, 29-10-37, T. Morrison.
Jalaveera, 30-10-37. Sc. S. N.
Baroda. 30-10-37. M. M.

FROM KARACHI

Toyama Maru 4-11-37 N. Y. K.
Vita, 4-11-37. M. M.

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Strathnaver 13-11-37 P. & O.
Maloja 20-11-37 P. & O.
Manela 2-11-37 P and O S N
Mongolia 6-11-37 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 30-10-37 P and O

FOR SYDNEY

Starthaird 18-11-37 P and O
Narkunda 4-11-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Simla, 10-11-37, Killick Nixon.
City of Benares, 19-11-37, Killick Nixon.
California, 28-10-37, Anchor Line.

FOR HAMBURG

Wartenfels 28-10-37 L. Edwards
Falkelfels 31-10-37 L. Edwards.
Falkenfels, 25-10-37, L. E.

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Monroe 12-11-37 F F Campbell
Pres. F. Adams, 26-11-37, F. F. Campbell.
Pres. Hayes 1-11-37, F. F. Campbell.

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde, 16-11-37, L. Triestino.

FOR GENOA.

Victoria 3-11-37. L Triestino.

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN.

Conte Biancamano 1-11-37, L Triestino.
Rajputana 28-10-37, P & O.
Borneo Maru 25-10-37 O S Kaisha
Toyama Maru, 4-11-37, N. Y. Kaisha
Taijin Maru 8-11-37, O S Kaisha.
Ranpura. 11-11-37, P. and O.

FOR KARACHI.

Vita 30-10-37 M. M.

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 2-11-37. T Morrison.

FOR BASRA.

Varela 28-10-37. M M
Baroda. 3-11-37, M. M.

FOR DURBAN.

Karanja, 24-11-37, M. M.
Tairea, 10-11-37 M. M.

E. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S.S. Parvati	25-10-37
„ Cambay Star	25-10-37
„ Varela and boats	25-10-37
„ Sonavati	25-10-37
„ Garmula	26-10-37
„ India	25-10-27

EXPORTS

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

S.S. Gardenia, for Hull:—1777 bags linseed, The Oil Seed Trading Co.; 65 bags groundnut oil cakes, K. Prasad; 6565 bags linseed, The Cotton Agents.

S.S. City of Benares, for Liverpool:—100 bales cotton waste, G. Gabriel; 978 bags lentils, L. Dreyfus; 1354 bags groundnut oil cakes A. Oomerbhoy; 25 bales cotton raw, Langley & Co.; 50 bales raw wool, D. Abraham; 100 tons manganese ore, Shivrajpur Syndicate.

For Philadelphia:—34 bales goat skins, D. Abraham.

For Glasgow:—2669 bags groundnut oil cakes, A. Oomerbhoy; 25 bales cotton raw, Langley & Co.

S.S. Falkenfels, for Hamburg:—50 bales cotton twist waste, L. O. Vora; 2800 bales groundnut oil cakes, P. Surchand; 55 bales cotton waste clean, Indian Products Exporters; 103 bales cotton fly, S. Textile Products.

For Antwerp:—45 bales raw wool, D. Abraham.

For Aarhus:—25 bales cotton waste clean, Indian Produce Exporters.

For Philadelphia:—37 bales goat skins D. Abraham.

For Genoa:—295 bags linseed, The Cotton Agents.

For Marseilles:—640 bags groundnut seed, The Cotton Agents.

For Venice:—501 bags groundnut seed, The Cotton Agents.

S.S. Jeypore, for Honkong:—52 bales cotton grey yarn, A. Virji; 42 bales cotton grey twist, P. K. Ashar; 30 bags bees wax, E. Mauji.

For Kobe:—500 bales cotton raw, Kotak, 300 bales cotton raw, R. B. C Ramswarup; 300 bales cotton raw, R Kanji; 200 bales cotton raw, C. Jethabhai.

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

S.S. Antonietta Costa, L. Triestino, from Genoa:—101 cases olive oil; 57 cases beam for shaft; 150 cases paper; 53 cases glassware; 120 bags pearl chips; 500 bags green dust; 50 cases camphor; 75 bales spun silk yarns

From Catania:—1700 bags sulphur; 33 bags pumic stones; 6 bags pumic powder

From Leghorn.—33 bales plaids 4727 pieces marble slabs; 400 bags marble dust; 103 cases cotton and woollen rugs

S.S Strathmore. M. Mackenzie from London:—86 cases bacon; 37 cases sausages; 220 cases whisky; 78 kegs cheese and ham.

From Marseilles:—33 cases electric cinema talkie machinery; 31 cases medicine; 115 cases mineral water; 50 bags almonds; 30 cases liquors.

From Zurich:—25 cases art silk embroidery cotton goods; 24 cases machinery

From Paris:—83 cases medicines.

S.S. California, Anchor Line, from Glasgow:—162 cases cottons; 381 bales sulphite paper; 206 cases whisky; 448 cases beer; 200 phials ale; 236 pieces sanitary earthenware; 48 cases ginger wine; 236 bags steel nuts; 730 cases sewing machines and parts thereof; 32 cases sluice valves; 404 cases machinery for sugar factory; 78 cases books; 120 cases sewing cotton thread on reel

Cotton Markets Await Farm Legislation

PRICES FLUCTUATE WITHIN NARROW RANGES

Absence Of Hedging And Small Trade Buying

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

The underlying conditions of cotton markets kept unchanged so far as the holding movement was concerned. There was nothing definite on the proposed new Farm Legislation and the session was indecisive.

Despite the declaration of a dividend on common and Preference stocks of U. S. Steel, Wall-Street prices declined in the absence of any support due to Budgetary uncertainties.

New York cotton prices fluctuated within a narrow range and operators are inclined to await the result of the Farm Legislation. There was absence of hedge selling indicating cotton going into loans.

The New York cotton futures market opened quiet and was inactive largely dominated by the action of the stock market.

Prices advanced on higher Liverpool and Bombay Cables and moderate foreign buying with the upturn of the stock market promoting local trade and commission house buying which readily influenced prices in the absence of the Southern trade selling. Prices then reacted partially in sympathy with the stock market. Finally long liquidation and hedging appeared with the session closing barely steady.

NEW YORK MARKET

The market opened at a rise of 5 points with December 8.19 and kept on improving and prices reacted 8.27 level which was the highest level when there appeared sudden selling and declined to 8.13 which was the lowest level. Both high and low points were reacted during the last hour and the market closed at a net rise of 3 points to a decline of 4 points. Spot cotton prices lost one point at 8.33 per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a rise of one to three points. Spot cotton prices advanced one point at 8.22c. per lb.

LIVERPUOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 5 points with January 4.68. There was Bombay straddle buying and short covering in sympathy with the rally of stock market. Hedging was light and the market reacted to lack of follow through buying. Trading was purely local and the market closed at a rise of 5 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 2 points at 4.77d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton was quiet but steady. Giga futures closed unchanged to 2 points up and Uppers advanced 3 to 5 points. The Alexandria cotton market was steady and closed 8 to 14 points up.

CROP CONTROL

Steadily increasing hedge pressure from the South has caused a further decline during the past week, sending near month futures and average spot prices down to approximately the 8 1/2 cent level. The decline has been very orderly as a result of continued active domestic and foreign price-fixing on the scale-down and of the uncovering of substantial orders at every point's loss. There has also been further Liverpool and Bombay buying on differences, and a moderate amount of new investment buying. Demand, however, has been insufficient to absorb the growing weight of hedges, and new outside buying has been lacking, as traders have been disturbed by outside influences, including the stock market and political conditions abroad and the rather less favourable trade conditions in some directions.

The low prices have attracted moderate buying, resulting in occasional feeble rallies, but there has been no follow-up on the buying side on advances. Many speculators are watching the market closely for any indications of a change of trend; they prefer, however, to await real constructive developments, which at present are lacking.

CARRYING CHARGES

The market is now at a point where cotton might logically enter the Government loan except for carrying charges, which are discouraging general participation, especially as the necessary forms are now being distributed. Farmers are studying the requirements and are not altogether convinced of the wisdom of signing the agreement to conform with the promised legislation. The new farm plan is being outlined in connection with the Soil Conservation plan, which requires no new legislation except to provide the funds, which have already been promised. Possibly more stringent conditions towards enforcement will be necessary, and there is some talk of reviving the processing tax to raise the necessary funds.

BUYERS AWAITING

The market generally is awaiting the attitude of the buyers, who have so far been rather indifferent. Although more domestic and foreign mills are making contracts the export outlook is uncertain, especially as regards the Far East.

Weather conditions have been highly satisfactory for the movement of the new crop and for its development and the plant is evidently thriving, so that crop estimates may possibly require increasing.

The outlook for textiles has improved signing the agreement to conform with failing output. Everyone is watching for signs that prices have reached a level attractive to the consuming world. —"M. G. C."

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York December highest (2-22 p.m.)	8.27+13
New York December Lowest (2-56 p.m.)	8.13—01
Liverpool January highest	4.69+06
Liverpool January lowest	4.66+03

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegram from New York:—

"Secretary of Agriculture made 1938 acreage goal twenty-seven to twenty-nine million. Benefit payments increased. Effect of acreage plan disappointing. Trading narrow."

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Secretary of Agriculture made 1938 acreage goal 27-29 million benefit payments increased.

A. A. A. reduces 1938 cotton acreage to 27-29 million acres.

Effect of acreage plan disappointing trading narrow.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Quiet trading market. Undertone very steady. Hedge selling light due to continued loan absorptions. Wallace's proposed curtailment of 1938 acreage to around 28 millions had no market effect due partly to doubts if such reduction can be achieved by voluntary methods and partly to uncertainty whether Congress will provide large funds needed for parity and subsidy payments.

New York: Secretary of Agriculture proposal considered bullish in the long run provided they are able to secure additional funds needed during this session. Recommend buying October on declines.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct 26

December	8.13—01
January	8.12+03
March	8.09
May	8.08
July	8.05—04
October	8.16—04
Middling Spot	8.33—01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Oct 26

December	8.22+02
January	8.19+03
March	8.17+01
Middling Spot	8.22+01

NEW YORK

New York, Oct 26

11 A.M. RANGES—	
December	8.21/8.24
January	8.20/8.20
March	8.18/8.18
NOON CALL—	
December	8.21
March	8.16

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Oct 26

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	65,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	8,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 26

October	4.69+05
November	4.64+06
December	4.67+05
January	4.68+05
February	4.70+05
March	4.73+05
April	4.75+05
May	4.76+05
June	4.77+04
July	4.79+04
August	4.80+04
September	4.82+05
October	4.84+05
Middling Spot	4.77+02
	10-12 a.m. quotations
January	4.68
March	4.72

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 26

F G F Spot	8.29
GIZA—	
Spot	7.40+8
October	5.85—0
November	5.38—0
January	6.48+1
March	6.60+2
May	6.63+3
July	6.78+1
UPPER—	
Spot	6.25+3
October	5.93—5
November	5.83+5
January	5.79+3
March	5.82+3
May	5.85+2
July	5.90+3

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 26

BROACH—	
Fully Good (good staple)	3.82
Fine (Good staple))	3.97
Superfine (good staple)	4.12
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	3.97
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	4.12
Choice (No. 1 staple)	4.27
BENGAL—	
Good	3.38
Fully Good	3.48
Fine	3.63

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, October 27

Following unchanged New York advices, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 160/12 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 159/12 on tired long liquidation. Present prices being low there is no disposition to sell short but in the absence of constructive developments prices are likely to decline.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 4 points and later was quoted 5 points lower. The local market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	160 12 0
Oomra D/J	140 8 0
Oomra March	141 8 0
Bengal D/J	127 0 0
Bengal March	127 8 0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 27.

Bengal F.G.	130/32
C. P. 1	147/50
C. P. 2	140/42
Arvi	140/43
Berar	130/33
Khandesh	125/28
Jalna/Sailu	125/28
Burwah Sanavad	128/32
Mathia	110/15
Broach Fine	151/55
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	185/87
Surat	195/97
Navsari	202/05
Kampala	315/18

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Oct. 27.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester	This year.
Khandesh		613
Barsi and Nagar		683
Berar		6
Central Provinces		48
Total Oomras		1,369
Dholera	80	982
N.-W. Provinces	51	405
Sind-Punjab	1,735	17,533
Broach		1,406
Coompta and Dharwar		3,561
Westerns-Northerns		551
Coccanada		12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		839
American		158
Egyptian, African and Sudan	253	52,975
Camilla, Burma and other sorts		38
Total	2,169	80,190

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 21st Oct.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	110	23,472
Japan and China	553	33,222
Coast Ports	1,332	12,278
Up-country by Rail		46,763
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		2,527
Total	1,998	129,262

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 24th/25th October	2,214
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	78,621
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	65,819
Increase	12,202

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, October 27

December	225.50—120
January	224.60+50
February	224.10—90
April	224.20—120

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Oct 26

SAKELS—	
November	14.26+14
January	14.08+12
ASHMOUNI—	
December	9.98+10
February	10.00+08
April	10.04+09
GIZA—	
November	12.37+11
January	12.29+12

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, October 27

December	58.50—39
January	58.10—20

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Oct. 27.

Wheat	7,644 cwts.
Linseed	5,558 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	174 cwts.
Gingellyseed	209 cwts.
Poppyseed	1,572 cwts.
Groundnuts	758 cwts.
Castorseed	2,111 cwts.
Rice	1,522 cwts.
Myrabollams	2,241 cwts.
Cottonseed	483 cwts.
Gram	253 cwts.
Jeowar	26 cwts.
Maize	1,371 cwts.
Barley	2,940 cwts.
Bajree	5,921 cwts.
Indian Sugar	

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: December 144 January 147 March 160 May 167 at cross rate 4.95 1/8

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1938 161 Liverpool May 1938 4.73 Rs. 45 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 161 New York May 8.08 Rs. 20 1/2 at cross rate 4.95 1/8

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F.P. Bales.	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 26-10-37	3739000	3116000
Receipts Yesterday 26-10-37	65000	77000
Exports to date 26-10-37	1455000	1418000
Stock at Ports 22-10-37	3143000	2494000
Stock at Interior Towns 22-10-37	2250000	2179000
Stock at Liverpool 22-10-37	773000	781000
Visible Supply 22-10-37	6427000	5912000
Quantity in sight 22-10-37	6100000	5468000
Quantity out of sight 22-10-37	2554000	2806000

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, October 27

Yesterday London gold prices declined 1/2d. to £7-0-7. London Paris Exchange rate advanced 149 points at 148.50. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.95 1/8. London silver prices closed unchanged at 19 15/16d. There was no special feature and the market was quietly steady. New York silver prices closed unchanged at 44 3/4 cents and Montreal futures were 5 points up. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 17/64. The local market in the absence of any change in foreign markets ruled quiet but steady with a narrow price movement.

GOLD

Ready	34 12 0
Kartak	34 12 6
Magsar	34 12 6

SILVER

Ready	50 11 0
Kartak	50 12 0
Magsar	50 13 6

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct 26

Spot	19 15/16
Forward	19 7/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct 26

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7 0-7

Montreal Silver

Montreal, October 26

October	44.60+05
December	44.75
March	43.40

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Oct 27

Standard copper cash (buyers)	£42-10-0
Standard copper 3 months	£43-15-0
Electrolytic Copper	£50-0-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 41-0-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 44-8-0
Tone: Firm.	

LONDON METALS

London, October 26

Copper	£ 43 13 9
Lead	£ 18 2 6
Spelter	£ 17 3 9
Tin	£ 210 15 0

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, October 27

The local market was fairly steady with a moderate turnover. Foreign advices were steady and the Australian wheat crop does not look like burdensome. Liverpool market was strong with active buying in near months. In Chicago there was some realising at the rise. In view of increased crops present prices are high while linseed is keeping steady with a fair enquiry. Quotations in the local market were as under:—

Linseed May	8 3 6
Wheat January	5 6 3
Wheat May	5 3 0

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Oct. 26.

November	£12-15.

Groundnuts & Seeds

Bombay, Oct. 27.

Groundnuts Feb—	
Opening	31 5 0
Highest	31 7 6
Lowest	31 2 3
Closing	31 6 6
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	33 7 0

DIWALI HOLIDAYS IN SHARE BAZAR

The local Share Bazar will remain entirely closed on 1st 3rd and 4th proximo (Monday, Wednesday and Thursday, on Tuesday the market will remain open from 6-30 to 8 p.m. for Moorat Business.

Highest	33 11 0
Lowest	33 7 0
Closing	33 11 0
Cottonseeds Jan.—	
Opening	17 14 0
Highest	18 1 0
Lowest	17 12 0
Closing	18 0 6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Oct. 26.

October	107 1/6d.
December	105 1/2d.
March	99 5/8d.
May	98 5/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Oct. 26.

December	dol. 0.97 3/4
May	dol. 0.97 1/2
July	dol. 0.92 1/4

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Oct. 27.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-5.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5.
Shipment Jan.-Mar. Rs. 5-1.
Kesar Rs. 11-2.
Saraya Rs. 11-1.
Java Spot F. 7.00.

LONDON SUGAR

London, October 26

March	sh. 6/3 1/2d.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Oct 26

Broach A/M 1938 opening 162 3/4 highest 163 1/4 lowest 161 1/2 closing 161 1/2

Oomra D/J opening 142 highest 142 lowest 141 1/4 closing 141 1/4

Oomra March opening 143 3/4 highest 143 3/4 lowest 142 1/2 closing 142 1/2

Bengal D/J opening 128 highest 128 lowest 127 closing 127

Bengal March opening 127 1/2 highest 128 lowest 127 1/4 closing 127 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach April May (21-11-37) Rs. 7 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach April May (31-3-38) Rs. 19 3/4

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, October 27

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	100/4
3 per cent 1951/54	102
4 per cent 1944	103/10
5 per cent U P Bonds	97
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	98/10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/8
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	108/4
4 per cent 1960/70	113/13
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	119
5 per cent 1939/44	105/6
5 per cent 1940/43	108/6
5 1/2 per cent 1948/50 Loan	103/6
TAX FREES.	
per cent 1954/63	1.2
5 per cent 1945/55	1207/8
5 per cent 1945/55	120/7
per cent 1935 Mysore	123
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T	1974 109/8
4 per cent M Deb	1974 109
5 per cent M Deb	1949 118/8
5 per cent	1954 131/8
6 per cent K P T	1958 131/8

Note: Prices of 3 1/2 per cent paper for the current settlement improved to Rs. 98/12 and closed at Rs. 98/10. Next settlement quotes 2 1/4 annas lower.

MONEY & EXCHANGES

Bombay, October 27

B. C. RATES T T U D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—

Bank's selling	T T U D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying	T T 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying	D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying	2 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK.—

Bank's selling	T T 263 3/4
Bank's buying	T T 266 5/8

PARIS—

Bank's selling	T T 1,112
Bank's buying	T T 1,142

JAPAN—

Bank's selling	T T 77 1/2
Bank's buying	T T 77

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling	D D 67 1/8

JAVA—

Bank's selling	D D 66 7/8

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling	D D 83 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling	D D 79 7/8

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling	D D 156 1/4

BERLIN—

Bank's selling	D D 91 5/8

CROSS RATE—

New York London 4.95.12 26th instant
Japan London 1/2 1/32 27th instant
Hongkong London 1/3 1/16 27th instant
Shanghai London 1/2 9/32 27th instant
Java London 8.93 1/8 27th instant
London Paris 148.50 26th instant
London Belgium 29.35 1/4 26th instant
London Switzerland 21.48 3/8 26th instant
London Berlin 12.32 3/4 26th instant
London Stockholm 19.39 1/2 26th instant
London New York 4.95.12 26th instant
London Amsterdam 8.95 3/8 26th instant
London Italy 94.10 26th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Quieter.
Gold £7-0-7 1/2 25th instant
Gold £7-0-7 26th instant
Silver London Ready 19 15/16 25th instant
Silver London Ready 19 15/16 26th instant
Silver London Forward 19 7/8 25th instant
Silver London Forward 19 7/8 26th instant
Silver New York Ready 45 25th instant
Silver New York Ready 45 26th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 25th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 26th instant
London discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 25th instant
London discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 26th instant
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

MONEY:—

Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone: Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Oct 26

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	78 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	92 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	106
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	111 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	98 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	74 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War loan X.D.	100 1/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	110 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	71/3 steady

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct 26

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£73
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£78 1/2
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£92 1/2
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£111 1/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£74 3/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£100 1/2
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£100 1/8
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£109 1/2
Chartered Bank of India, A and China	£13
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£96
National Bank of India	£42
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct 26

T T London on:—	
New York	4.95.12
Paris	148.50
Berlin	12.32 3/4
Madrid	79.00
Amsterdam	8.95 9/16
Brussels	29.35 1/4
Milan	94.10
Berne	21.48 3/8
Prague	141 37

LINSEED OIL

London, Oct 26

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt November sellers	29/3
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Jan April paid value	29

Steel Shares Barely Steady

SHORT COVERING AND NERVOUS UNLOADING

Technical Position Improving But Bears Active

BOMBAY: October 27.

The local Share Bazar was active and irregular throughout the day with active covering and nervous selling in Tata Steel shares. During the early part of the day, there was considerable nervous unloading and prices reached low levels, but during the middle of the session there was active short covering, and there was a sharp rally in prices, but renewed selling pressure again depressed prices and the closing tone of the market was barely steady.

The present decline is mostly due to Professional selling and a group of Operators are operating for a decline. These Operators are reported to have extensive short sales at higher levels and are depressing prices and weak holders are selling out their purchases. But in the absence of any new bearish factors it will not be safe to follow the decline and the market will react as it is well liquidated.

The Wall-Street Market was very steady yesterday during the early part of the day, but later on prices weakened on renewed selling pressure. Considerable uncertainty exists at the moment in America and Operators are keenly watching political developments. The local market is under a manipulated state and needs great caution, but Bear Operators are active.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,460 and improved to Rs. 1,490, but under renewed selling prices declined to Rs. 1,445. At this level there was active covering and prices rose to Rs. 1,495, but again declined to Rs. 1,450 and rallied to Rs. 1,480. at the close. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 334 and after rallying to Rs. 338 declined to Rs. 334, but improved to Rs. 336-8.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1,020 and improved to Rs. 1,047 and closed at Rs. 1,040. Century shares opened at Rs. 261 and after advancing to Rs. 270 closed at Rs. 266. Central India as closed at Rs. 301 and Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 108.

Associated Cement shares opened at Rs. 152-8 and after declining to Rs. 150-8 closed at Rs. 151. Hydros were placed at Rs. 155 and Tata Powers closed at Rs. 1,450.

Bellapurs closed at Rs. 186 and Bombay Steams were done at Rs. 221-14. Bombay Burmas closed at Rs. 730.

TEXTILE SHARES.

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

	Rs. As.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 6)	387 8
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	1040 0
100 CENTURY	266 4
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	301 4
100 COLABA (Rs. 2-8)	256 4
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	117 8
250 Davia	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	477 3
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0 7 3
100 Finlay (Rs. 2)	151 4
100 GOKAK (Rs. 4-3)	222 8
100 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1190 0
100 Indore	77 8
100 Khatau (Rs. 3)	145 0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 10)	356 4
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	0.0 11
25 Madras United	11 0
1000 Morarji (nil)	1285 0
250 Model	85 0
50 MYSORE (Rs. 2)	126 4
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	313 12
100 Osmansnahi (Re. 1)	46 8
100 Phoenix (10)	348 2
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	70 0
1000 Sholapur (Rs 50)	2330 0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2.)	103 12
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	297 8
100 SWAN (nil)	122 8
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1490 0
1000 Western (Rs. 10)	915 0
BANKS	
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	118 12
25-50 Central (Rs. 12)	39 6
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1562 8
125-500 United County (Ss. 7-8)	336 4
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	142 4
100 Reserved Bank (Rs. 3-8)	125 4
5 Union (As. 4)	5-8-0
CEMENTS	
100 Associated	151 0
INSURANCE	
100-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	995 0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15 10
20 Mercantile	56 4
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	42 0
200 Oriental (125)	4,760 0
10-50 Vulcan (Rs 8)	8 2
ELECTRIC	
100 Ahmedabad Old (Rs. 45)	157 8
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 13-12)	1532 8
10 Ajmer (As 4)	13 8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	128 12
100 B'bay Suburban (Rs. 6)	182 8
10 Broach	14 0
100 Karachi (4)	271 0
100 Poona (4)	212 8
100 Surat (Rs. 6)	210 0
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	155 0
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 37-8)	1450 0
RAILWAYS	
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	950 0
100 C. Province	97 8
100 Dhond Baramati	104 4
100 Gujarat	95 8
100 Mandra Bhon	97 0
100 Pachora Jamner	94 0
100 Sara Sirajgunj	99 8
500 Tapti Valley	765 0
MININGS	
9 Burma Corp. (As. 11)	10 3
8sh. Indian Copper (As. 1-6)	2 15
10 Indian Iron and Steel (Rs. 1)	47 8
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2)	70 0
30 TATA STEEL DFD (Rs. 36-3-6)	1480 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD (Rs. 10)	336 8
MISCELLANEOUS	
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	315 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, October 27

Bombay Dyeing (1030) 1020 1040 1030 1047 1052 1035 1040
Century (258/12) 261 265 257 270 266
Central India (300) 297 301 296 302 301
Kohinoor (553/12) 357 355 356
New Great (306/4) 297 310 317 311
Simplex (104/8) 102 108 105 108
Swadeshi (293/12) 292 300 295 297
Associated Cement (152/8) 152/8 150/8 151
Tata Hydro (158/2) 158 155
Tata Power (1450) 1447 1446 1447 1450
Tram Ord (130/10) 130 128/12
T Steel Defd (1475) 1460 1490 1445 1485 1497 1480 1495 1450 1475 1472 1480
T Steel Ord (336) 334 338 334 335 335/8 338 337 334 336 336/8
Tata Steel 2nd pref (166) 166 164/12
Bellapur (185/10) 187 186
B Steam (222/8) 220 221/14
B Burma (742/8) 742 736 745 726 730

TENDERS FOR STERLING

On Wednesday, the 27th October 1937, tenders to the amount of £.230,000 at 1 . 6 1/8d. were received and accepted in full.

£.1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Monday, the 1st November 1937, on the same conditions as previously announced.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Oct 26

Bank bills 3 months market rate Unchanged
Bank bills 6 months market rate Unchanged
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate Unchanged
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate Unchanged
Interest day to day loan Unchanged
Interest 7 days' market loan Unchanged

LONDON SEEDS

London, Oct 26

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton
October sellers £13-12-6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton
Oct Nov sellers £15-7-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton
Oct Nov sellers £15-12-6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton
Oct Nov sellers £14-7-6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton
Oct Nov sellers £14-16-0

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Oct 26

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels
Jan Feb sellers 40/9
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels
October sellers 45/6
Wheat South Australian parcels
Oct Nov sellers 44/9

LONDON RUBBER

London, Oct 26

Smoked Sheet, Standard Ribbed per lb
Sellers 7 9/16

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Oct 26

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 9 1/4

50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 6)	186 4
200-250 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 12-12)	876 4
250 BOM STEAM (Rs. 13-12)	221 14
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12)	730 0
50 Do Conty (Rs 8)	250 0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	4-15-6
50 B. TELEPHONE (Rs 1-8)	100 12
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	151 14
50 I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	50 0
100 I Radio Defd. (12)	565 0
100 I Radio Ord (15)	510 0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	782 8
30 PREMIER CON (Rs. 2-15)	90 10
15 Scindia	26 13
25 Tata Oil Mill	33 0
PREFERENCE	
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1,505 0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	285 0
7 p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	73 0
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	547 8
3 1/4 p.c Prem Const. 1st	107 0
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 2nd	103 0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	151 4
7 1/2 p.c Tata Power XD	1,532 8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	200 10
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	164 12
7 p.c. Vishnu	703 12
DEBENTURES	
3 3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101 8
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	109 4
4 p.c Bom Telephone	52 0
4 p.c Sholapur	83 12
6 p.c. Tata Hydro	109 4

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on Forward List.)

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1937

States' Reactionary Policy X-rayed

Damodar Canal Levy Controversy

Subject Discussed By Working Committee

MADRAS SOCIALISTS' ACTIVITIES UNDER SEARCHLIGHT

Madras Minister And Speaker Confer With Mahatma And Jawaharlal

CALCUTTA: Oct. 27.

The Congress Working Committee resumed its sitting this morning at the residence of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose at 8-45, when besides the members of the Committee who were present yesterday, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan was present.

It is understood the first item discussed by the Committee related to the representation of the Burdwan District Congress Committee about the trouble arising out of the levy of a new cess on the Damodar canal and the difficulties, which the Midnapore Congress Committee is still experiencing in carrying on their activities. The Committee is likely to adopt a resolution on the above subjects.

The Hon. Mr. T. Prakasam, Revenue Minister of Madras, and Mr. Bulusu Sambamurthi, Speaker of the Madras Assembly, met Mahatmaji and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru this morning and held a discussion about the activities of the Socialists in Madras and their problems.

It is understood the matter will be placed before the Working Committee for their consideration.

"VANDE MATARAM" AT RALLY.

Shrimati Jyotirmoyee Ganguli went to see Gandhiji this morning to have a talk about the "Vande Mataram" song. There will be a rally of persons at Shraddhanand Park at 4 this afternoon when the "Vande Mataram" song will be sung. Thereafter a procession will start and proceed upto the Wellington Square.—United Press.

WORKING COMMITTEE DISCUSSES FEDERATION

Proceedings Adjourned Till This Afternoon

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The Congress Working Committee met for about four hours this morning and adjourned until 2 p.m. when discussion will be resumed.

It is understood that the Committee discussed the Federation Sub-Committee's report, the 'Vande Mataram' controversy, the situation created by the decision of the All-India Muslim League Conference at Lucknow and the conditions in various provinces.

It is understood that the ban on the Congress in Midnapore was also discussed and a resolution is in the course of preparation.

Mahatma Gandhi was present during the latter part of the discussion.—A.P.

PROPAGATION OF HINDI IN KARNATAK

DHARWAR, Oct. 26.

The proposal to make Hindi a compulsory subject in secondary schools has made the Karnatak Hindi Prachar Sangha more active.

It is proposed to start a Hindi Teachers' Training College at Dharwar from January next. A committee to look after the affairs of the institution has been appointed with Mrs. Krishnabai Panjikar as Chairman and Mr. D. P. Karmarkar as Secretary. Mr. Siddhanath Pant the Secretary of the Karnatak Hindi Prachar Sangha is also a member of the Committee.—A.P.

AFTER AN AIR RAID ON SHANGHAI'S INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENT: British Marines removing bodies of persons who were killed during the air raid in which hundreds of non-combatants died at the junction of Nankiang and Chekiang Roads; one of the busiest corners in all China.
—(Photo by Air Mail).

Nariman's Arrest

Working Committee To Pass Protest Resolution

CALCUTTA, October 27.

The Congress Working Committee adjourned at 11-30 for lunch after about three hours' deliberations. The Committee will meet again at 2-30 p.m.

Among other issues which cropped up for discussion was the problem of carrying on Congress activities in the States in view of the recent arrest of Mr. K. F. Nariman in the Mysore State.

It is understood Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru expressed himself strongly on the reactionary tendencies which are being manifested in different States.

A resolution protesting against Mr. Nariman's arrest will be framed by the Committee. It is felt that the feeling against the reactionary nature of such States in regard to the Congress activities will have considerable bearing on the form of resolution that will be finally adopted by the Committee on the Federation issue.—United Press.

Gandhiji To Meet Politicals

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The United Press understands that Mahatma Gandhi will meet the political prisoners recently repatriated from the Andaman in Alipore Jail

It appears the Home Minister, Bengal Government, has informed Gandhiji that his department would afford every facility to arrange a meeting between Gandhiji and the prisoners

The times and date have not yet been fixed, but it is understood that the Secretary of the Political Prisoners Relief Committee will meet Gandhiji during the course of the day to settle arrangements. —United Press.

RAJEN BABU ILL

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

Information has been received in Calcutta that Babu Rajendra Prasad is unable to attend the A.I.C.C. session owing to sudden illness.—A. P.

Mr. B. K. Dalvi, Sessions Judge of Jalgaon, has sentenced Zadya Nathu Mahar (23) of Nandre, to transportation for life for murdering his wife.

Gandhiji, Exceptionally Well

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

Mahatma Gandhi was further medically examined this morning. According to Dr. Roy, Mahatma Gandhi is exceptionally well. He slept for seven hours last night. His blood pressure is normal. —A.P.

The Numismatic Society of India will this year hold its annual meeting in Trivandrum along with the ninth session of the All-India Oriental Conference Dr. Hiranand Sastri, Director of Archaeology in Baroda State, will preside.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

terests of all sections of the people, and we appeal to our brother landlords to stand shoulder to shoulder during the troublous times ahead.

"The financial difficulties of the ryots are said to be due to the actions of the landlords but such mischievous allegations, we feel sure, will not bear an impartial scrutiny. It is in the interests of the landlords to keep their ryots happy and prosperous and we reiterate that it is the duty of every landlord to strive to this end."—A.P.

Bihar Landlords On War Path

"We Will Go To Any Length To Protect Our Privileges"

COMPLAINT AGAINST CHANGED ATTITUDE OF GOVERNORS

PATNA, Oct. 26.

A reiteration of the "solemn pledge" that they would rather "die fighting for our just cause than submit to the tyranny of the majority" is made in a statement issued by the executive committee of the Bihar Land-holders' Association. The Statement says:—

"We have noticed that our resolution impressing the necessity of resisting unfair laws even by civil disobedience has been subjected to a great deal of comment. Some people doubt the practicability of this resolution and characterise it as an idle threat We also find that in vindicating the action of the Ministry, His Excellency the Governor has gone out of his way to deprecate our action.

"Evidently it is not fully realised by these critics how deeply the landlords have been stirred by the attitude of the present Government towards them. It would be most futile on the part of anybody to pose as the friend of zemindars so long as his actions indicate otherwise. No one is going to be beguiled by such pretensions when seeds are being sown which will inevitably produce greater class antagonism. It is but natural that faced with the grim alternative of effacement the Zemindars will go to any length to protect their rights and privileges and we emphatically declare that our resolve is unalterable and we mean every word of it.

"We shall not, however, take drastic steps till alternatives would be available and unless circumstances forced us to do so. Whether other sections sympathise with it or not, the entire body of landlords except perhaps those who have merged themselves in the Government are sure to honour the solemn pledge they have taken for self-defence and though fewer in number in comparison with other sections of the people of the Province we would rather die fighting for our just cause than submit to the tyranny of the majority We maintain that our resolution has the general support of the landlords of the province whose number is by no means negligible.

"The changes in the angle of vision of the Governors noticeable of late is too palpable and we cannot help feeling that utterances guided by the exigencies of the political situation cannot have the same weight which ordinarily attaches to them. It is time that we relied on our own strength, took our own decisions and acted in a manner conducive to the best in-

(Continued in Col. 5.)

'TIMES' EDITOR ASKED TO APOLOGIZE

C. P. PREMIER SAYS NEWS ITEM HAS INJURED REPUTATION OF HIMSELF, COLLEAGUES AND PARTY

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR: Oct. 27.

Dr. N. B. Khare in the course of a letter to the Editor of the "Times of India" says:—

"I have to draw your attention to the news item 'TERRITORIAL RIVALRY IN C. P.,' published in your issue of the 14th inst. THE SAID NEWS IS ENTIRELY FALSE AND EVIDENTLY INSPIRED BY MALICIOUS AND MISCHIEVOUS MOTIVES. IT HAS CAUSED GREAT SENSATION THROUGHOUT THE PROVINCE AND DAMAGED THE REPUTATION OF THE TWO MINISTERS CONCERNED, AND OF THE CONGRESS PARTY OF THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

"I am, therefore, constrained to call upon you to contradict the said news and PUBLISH AN UNQUALIFIED APOLOGY.

"In case this is not done I shall be forced to take a serious view of the matter and do all that is necessary to right the wrong done to me and my colleagues and the Party."

ANTI-POLICE DAY AT CAWNPORE

CAWNPORE, Oct. 26.

In observance of Anti-Police Day a meeting was held at Shraddanand Park with Pandit Balkrishna Sharma in the Chair.

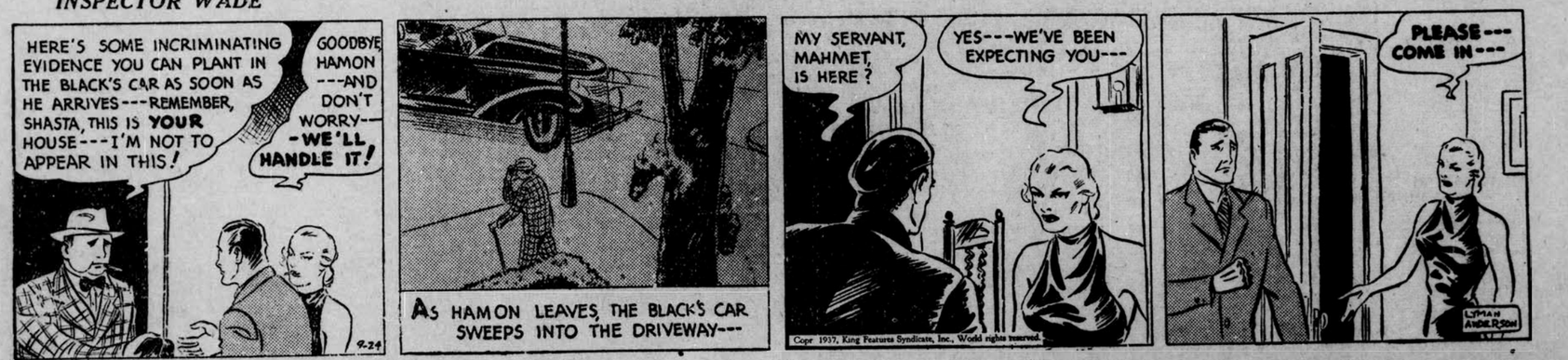
A resolution was passed drawing the attention of the Congress Ministry to the fact that in spite of its assurances, the attitude of the police had not changed towards the public. The resolution mentioned that the function of the police was to serve the public, but this feeling had not been created in the public mind.

District Police Association Meet

At a meeting of the District Police Association the opinion was expressed that the public felt that the police were against them. Efforts should be made to correct this attitude and give no opportunity to the public for complaints.—A.P.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *"THE BLACK"*


HERE'S SOME INCRIMINATING EVIDENCE YOU CAN PLANT IN THE BLACK'S CAR AS SOON AS HE ARRIVES---REMEMBER, SHASTA, THIS IS YOUR HOUSE---I'M NOT TO APPEAR IN THIS!
GOODBYE, HAMON ---AND DON'T WORRY---WE'LL HANDLE IT!
AS HAMON LEAVES, THE BLACK'S CAR SWEEPS INTO THE DRIVEWAY---
MY SERVANT, MAHMET, IS HERE?
YES---WE'VE BEEN EXPECTING YOU---
PLEASE--- COME IN---
LYMAN ANDERSON
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